

Read  
Every advertisement.  
They will interest you.

# The Chelsea Standard.

Save  
Dollars by trading with  
men who advertise.

VOL. IX. NO. 40.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1897.

WHOLE NUMBER 456

First Cut of the Season on

## NEW CLOAKS.

We shall place on Sale

## FRIDAY MORNING

40 New desirable, Ladies and Misses Jackets  
from our regular \$6.00 to \$8.00 garments.

CHOICE \$5.00



We are also offering some good values in  
Ladies and Childrens Hose. We are sell-  
ing Hosiery now, that we can positively  
guarantee the wearing qualities. Ask  
to be shown them.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

## OUR BARGAIN DAY

Is Every Day.

Our prices are the lowest for the best material and work.

If you want shoddy goods we have not got them.

The latest novelties.

J. GEO. WEBSTER.

## A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

Of Canned Goods, Fancy and Staple Groceries, as  
well as high grade but reasonable priced Table  
Delicacies, may always be found at my store.

## FRUITS A SPECIALTY

Goods delivered promptly. Highest market price for butter and eggs.

GEO. M. FULLER,

1st door north of post office.

## FRESH

Cranberries, Spanish Onions, Celery, Squash,  
Pumpkins, New Prunes, New Rasins, New  
Figs, Teas, Coffees, Can Goods, Confection-  
ery, etc. Save your tickets and get a Fancy  
Shelf Clock at

J. S. CUMMINGS.

## Ann - Arbor - Electric - Granite - Works.

Designers and Builders of

Artistic Granite and Marble Memorials.

On hand large quantities of all the various Granites in the rough, and are  
prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice, as  
we have a full equipment for polishing.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.

## WHAT IT COSTS

You Can Figure Out the Amount  
of Your Taxes for the  
Year 1897.

## TAXES LOWER IN MOST DISTRICTS

The Amount for This District is \$13.10  
on \$1,000.

By taking the following table, which  
was given us by Supervisor Lightball, a  
person who knows the amount of his val-  
uation can figure out the exact amount  
of his taxes for this year.

The state tax \$2.40 on each \$1,000 val-  
uation, the county tax \$1.10, and the  
township tax is \$2.40, making a total of  
\$5.90 for the three.

The following gives the school tax and  
the total tax for each school district in  
Sylvan:

| DISTRICT.                             | SCHOOL TAX. | TOTAL TAX. |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| No. 1, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 2, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.70        | 9.60       |
| No. 3, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 7.30        | 13.10      |
| No. 4, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 5, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 6, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 7, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 8, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 9, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo.  | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 10, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo. | 3.40        | 9.30       |
| No. 11, ft. with Lyndon and Waterloo. | 3.40        | 9.30       |

soon and had taken this means of getting  
rid of her? Thoughts of this and kin-  
dred character passed through her brain;  
but she made up her mind that she would  
not shed a tear for one so faithless, "So  
there, now." But before many stations  
had been passed the conductor brought  
her a message which put to flight the  
many fancies of her brain. The young  
man simply stood there and let his train  
go away bearing its precious burden, and  
did not realize his predicament until too  
late to catch the fast disappearing train.  
Of course the young lady read him a  
lecture on the importance of paying more  
attention to his increased duties, and he  
has made all sorts of promises as to his  
future behavior, but his friends still  
wear a broad smile whenever they meet  
him.

## PURE FOOD.

Commissioner Grosvenor is Doing His  
Best to Get It.

State Dairy and Food Commissioner  
Grosvenor, in his October bulletin, just  
issued, wades into the vinegar company  
of St. Louis, Mo., for trying to sell its  
vinegars in this state when the quality of  
the goods does not meet the requirements  
of the law. The analysis of the food in-  
spector shows the vinegar to be a spirit  
vinegar colored with burnt sugar, and  
dealers are warned not to be found with  
it in their possession.

Cheese and creamery inspector Havens  
visited sixteen cheese factories and fif-  
teen creameries during the month. Of  
the cheese factories nine are reported in  
good condition, four fair and three bad;  
the condition of eleven creameries was  
reported good, two extra good and two  
fair. The sixteen cheese factories have  
884 patrons and use 47,000 pounds of milk  
daily. The fifteen creameries have 1,589  
patrons and use 68,800 pounds of milk  
daily.

Dairy inspector Barron visited forty-one  
dairies during the month in northwestern  
Michigan, and found the cows generally  
clean, some of the stables dirty and the  
ventilation and sanitary conditions gen-  
erally poor.

cessities to human life, as the human  
family will learn to its sorrow if the wan-  
ton destruction of both does not cease.

Every farmer ought to post notices for-  
bidding hunters—and we are glad to say  
many have done so—from going on their  
premises, and if they persist in doing so,  
arrest them for trespass.

No crime ever goes unpunished. And  
this crime of slaughtering everything in  
sight which seems to have taken posses-  
sion of some people, will surely have its  
punishment, in which thousands of in-  
nocent will have to suffer.

The penalty for trespassing, where  
signs have been put up, is in substance  
as follows:

"To hunt for game, with firearms, dogs  
or otherwise on the enclosed lands or  
premises of another without the permis-  
sion of the owner or lessee is a misdemea-  
nor. The penalty, on conviction, is a fine  
of not less than five nor more than twenty  
dollars, in the discretion of the court,  
and costs. And if the fine is not paid, the  
defendant shall be confined in the county  
jail not less than five nor more than thirty  
days."

## A GREAT ROAD.

Commissioner of Railroads Has No Sug-  
gestions for the Central.

Commissioner Wessellus pays the  
Michigan Central railroad a fine compli-  
ment in his annual report. He says:

"Nothing can be added in the way of  
favorable comment on this excellent line.  
It is as near perfection in the way of con-  
struction, appointments, service and able  
management as can be conceived in  
modern railroad. No skill or expendi-  
ture has been spared to make it the  
model railroad of the country. Improve-  
ments are constantly being added in the  
way of heavier and more substantial con-  
struction, interlocking appliances, etc.  
The general appearance of the property,  
the symmetry of the grade, cleanliness  
of the right of way, station buildings  
with ornamental and well kept grounds  
and perfect fences, attract special atten-  
tion." In another report the commis-

## OUR WALL PAPER ROOMS.

Contain a large assort-  
ment of new papers.  
Notice our low prices  
on them before buying.

You can pay a great deal  
more money for

## COFFEE

than we are asking but  
you can find nothing for  
the same money that will  
suit you better. Try a  
sample of our choice  
blend at 20 c lb. Good  
coffee at 11 c, 15 c, 20 c,  
25 c.

## Notice

## Our Prices on

## Brooms.

Our prices on silver  
plated knives, forks,  
spoons, etc., should  
have your attention.

It will pay you to buy  
Sugar of us the year  
round. We are sell-  
ing 22 lb light  
brown for \$1.

Our 25 c N. O. Molasses  
is a fine baker. Try it.

We are headquarters for

## Clocks and Watches

and sell the kind that keep  
correct time.

We are paying the  
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR EGGS

## We are Selling

THIS WEEK

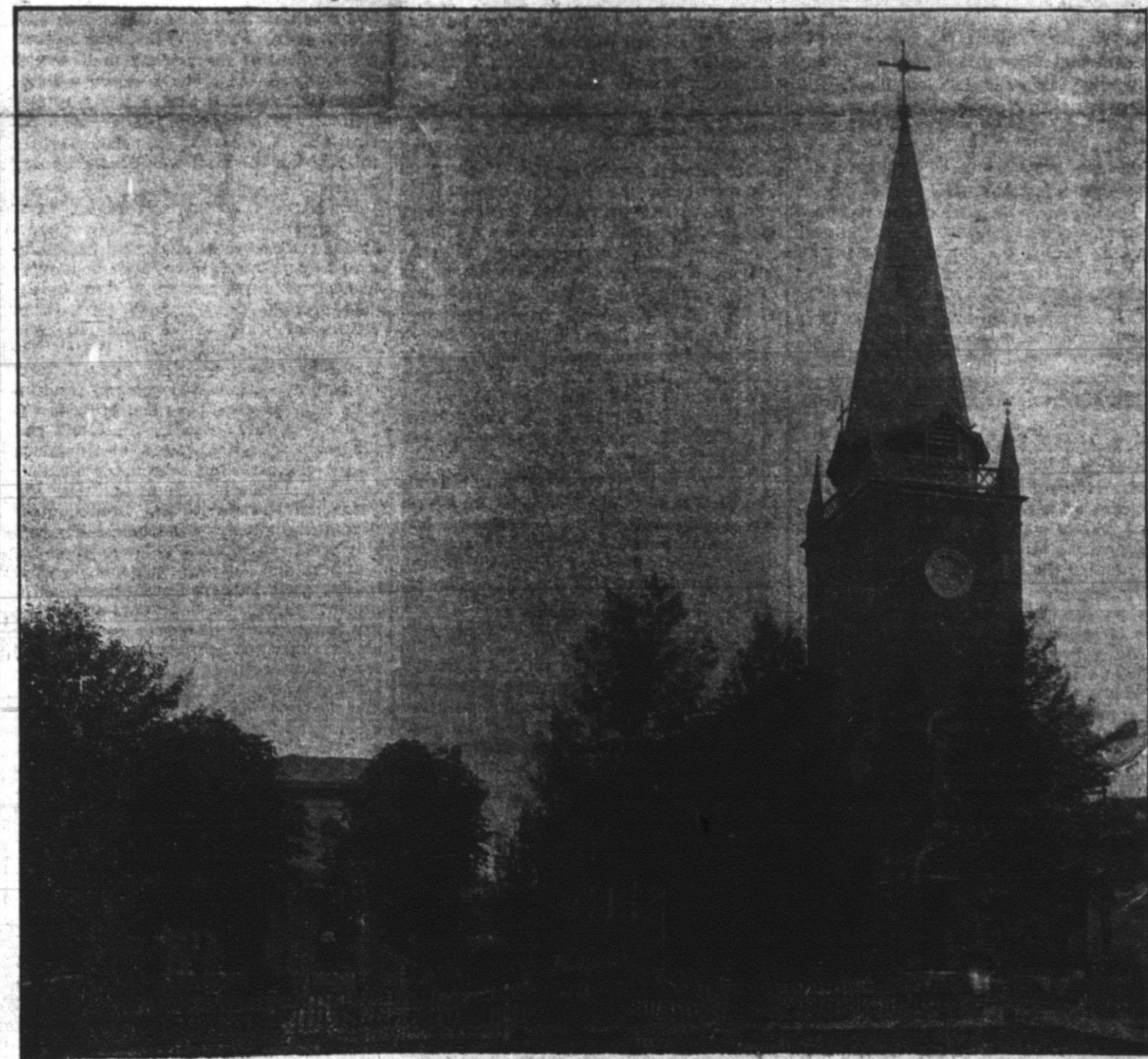
Herring 11 c box  
19 pounds fine granulated  
sugar \$1.00.  
Parlor matches 1 cent box.  
First class lantern 38 cent.  
Lamp wicks 1 cent yard.  
5 pounds new prunes for  
25 cents,  
3 pounds new apricots for  
25 cents.  
Sultana seedless raisins 8c  
10 lbs best oatmeal 25c.  
5 lbs Crackers for 25c  
Pure cider vinegar 18c gal.  
Pickles 5c per doz.

8-lb pail family white fish  
for 38c.

23 lbs. brown sugar \$1.00.  
Choice whole rice 5c a lb.  
6 boxes axle grease for 25c  
7 cans sardines for 25c  
6 doz. clothes pins for 5c.  
25 boxes matches for 25c  
Pure Spices and Extracts  
7 bars Jaxon soap for 25c  
Try our 25c N.O. molasses  
Best pumpkin 7c per can  
Fresh gingersnaps 5c lb.  
5 boxes 8-oz tacks for 5c.  
Heavy lantern globes 5c.  
Pint bottles catsup for 10c.  
Choice honey 10c lb.

Choice table syrup 25c gal  
Good tomatoes 7c per can  
Good sugar syrup 20c gal.  
3 cakes toilet soap for 10c.

GLAZIER & STIMSON.



ST. MARY'S CHURCH, CHELSEA.

## HE GETS THE LAUGH.

A Bridgroom Who let His Bride get  
Away from Him.

The friends of a young man who lives  
less than a thousand miles from this  
place are enjoying considerable merriment  
at his expense. He married an es-  
timable young lady who lived not farther  
from this place than did he. The happy  
couple went to Detroit to visit friends  
and on the third day after the wedding  
thought that they would return home.  
The young man escorted his bride to the  
train and saw her seated comfortably,  
bade her a tearful farewell while he  
should go and get the baggage checked.  
While on this errand he ran across a  
friend and stopped to chat with him for  
a moment.

The time for the departure of the train  
arrived and no husband appeared within  
the vision of the now almost frantic bride.  
The train started and still no signs of  
her husband did she discover. Visions  
of a young man meeting an untimely  
death amid the whirl and bustle of a  
large city passed before her. Or, could  
it be possible that he had tired of her so

State analyst Borradaile examined fifty-  
two samples of food products, thirty-five  
of which were found adulterated. Thir-  
teen of these samples were colored eleo-  
margarine and eight adulterated flavor-  
ing extracts.

A large portion of the report is devoted  
to a discussion of the oleomargarine  
question.

## Which Shall It Be—Kill or Live?

Ann Arbor Courier: The miserable  
pot hunters, who go out in the country  
with the idea that they must kill some-  
thing, anyway, are destroying many of  
our native and insect eating birds. The  
result will be that insects and worms will  
become such pests within a few years  
that no one will be able to raise anything.  
The plagues that once visited Egypt will  
be renewed here in the new world, and  
mankind will have to pay the penalty  
for its own foolishness.

The person who lawlessly or uselessly  
kills a bird commits a crime against  
the human family. The same is true  
of the one who needlessly cuts down a  
tree.

Both the birds and the trees are ne-

sloner says; "Upon the Air Line divi-  
sion stone culverts have been substituted  
for ten bridges. Great attention has  
been paid to the rounding out of the  
shoulders of the roadbed, which is a mar-  
vel of smoothness and beauty; and the  
entire right of way presents a most hand-  
some and finished appearance. The  
fences are in perfect condition. The en-  
tire line presents—with its cars, its equip-  
ments, its service, its conveniences and its  
buildings—a monument of liberality in  
expenditure, of far-seeing railroad man-  
agement, of good taste and of engineer-  
ing skill of which the state may justly be  
proud. The station houses are many of  
them expensive and handsome structures  
and in general everything that could be  
desired. A special point has been made  
to beautify the station grounds that are  
in many places well kept lawns, adorned  
with graceful walks and a profusion of  
plants and flowers."

Wanted—Bright energetic girls to learn  
to operate sewing machines on muelin  
underwear. Energetic girls can earn  
good wages. Standard Mfg Co.,  
Jackson, Mich.



# THE CHESAPEAKE STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.  
CHESAPEAKE, MICHIGAN.

## DEFEAT FOR BRITAIN.

### TRIBESMEN WIN A DESPERATE FIGHT AT MAIDAN VALLEY.

Gen. Westmacott's Column Retreat. Under a Telling Fusillade—Hints at Russian Plotting—The Next Session of Congress to Be a Short One.

#### Many Soldiers Killed.

News comes from London that the British troops suffered a severe defeat in the Maidan Valley. How serious Gen. Westmacott's command suffered is not exactly known, but the repulse was disastrous. The affair brings to mind that Lord Salisbury's speech at the Mansion House, and carefully avoided mention of the defeat and of Russia. It is deemed certain that the fanatic tribesmen have substantial backing and are able to procure rifles of the most approved pattern. The question is from whom? Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, made up later for the forgetfulness of his chief. Speaking at Acton, he broadly hinted at Russian plotting, and intimated that annexation of the disturbed region was the best way out of the difficulty. He forgets, however, that in these plans he will have to reckon not only with the same, but with Russia. Urgent action is certainly necessary to crush the revolt, which is causing serious irritation among the British people.

#### Next Session of Congress.

In an interview in Washington Congressman Hopkins of Illinois says that he is of the opinion that the next session of Congress will be of short duration, not lasting beyond May. With a free silver majority in the Senate he does not see any hope for currency legislation during the life of the present Congress, and a knowledge of the uselessness of attempting it will, in his opinion, keep Congress off the subject. The feeling that undue agitation under existing conditions would be a waste of time will grow and tend to turn discussion into other channels. Mr. Hopkins expresses the belief that Hawaii will be duly annexed without delay or serious opposition. Touching Cuba, Mr. Hopkins has this to say: "My opinion about Cuba is that unless we are absolutely compelled to interfere from motives of humanity, it is better for us to maintain an attitude of neutrality. The quarrels of other nations are not our affairs."

#### Four Men Injured.

By the collapse of a three-story brick building which was being remodeled at the south end in Boston, four men were injured, one of whom, it is said, will probably die.

#### BREVITIES.

E. A. Woods, a prominent real estate man of St. Louis, is missing.

Mrs. Margaret Boughan, who claimed to be 124 years old, died at Chicopee Falls, Mass.

Samples of ore from the Robert E. Lee mine in South Dakota assayed \$1,900 in gold per ton.

The Governors of the New York Stock Exchange have prohibited betting on the floor of the exchange.

Statistics from Washington are that the average yield of corn per acre this year is 23.7; last year, 27.3.

At Dayton, O., B. F. Hargrave shot himself in the heart while suffering with rheumatism. He was 62 years of age.

The latest trust reported to be in process of organization is a gigantic combination of insulated wire and electric cable manufacturers.

Robert T. Lincoln has been elected acting president of Pullman's Palace Car Company. The election of a permanent president has been indefinitely postponed.

John P. McKinnon, formerly a wealthy lumberman of Detroit, disappeared from the steamer City of Alpena between Cheboygan and Port Huron, and is believed to have jumped overboard.

Information from Hancock County, Tenn., is that the feud between the Eppersons and Williamses, growing out of the killing of William Epperson and Ohas Epperson, has broken out again.

The Board of United States General Appraisers at New York has decided that the tariff act went into effect at 4 o'clock p. m., July 24, 1897, and that goods entered before that hour are dutiable under the old law.

Charles A. Dana left an estate valued at between \$1,000,000 and \$1,200,000. His wife is given all the property, except the stock in the New York Sun, which is left to his son Paul, in trust for the widow and children.

The Yukon Company of Seattle has contracted with the Roach Shipbuilding Company for 5,000-ton steamships to ply between Seattle and St. Michael's. They are to have a speed of sixteen knots, and have accommodations for 1,000 passengers.

Miss Grace M. Elliott, of San Francisco, was a little too premature in the distribution of cash gifts to institutions based upon her inheritance of a \$25,000,000 estate. The inheritance has now proven to be a myth.

Premier Sagasta of Spain has sent a cablegram to the United States government declaring: "So far from seeking a pretext to declare war against the United States, Spain would regard it as a great misfortune to be given the occasion for such an unhappy resolution."

Ex-State Treasurer Booker of North Dakota, recently indicted for making a fraudulent report of the condition of the Grand Forks National Bank, of which he is president, is missing.

Prince Bismarck has been sued by his head forester for an additional pension which the ex-chancellor refused to grant him.

Three men blew open the safe in Heine's bank at Silver Creek, N. Y., securing \$10,000 in money and \$4,000 in jewelry. They afterward attempted to rob the safe in a neighboring mill, but were frightened away. The watchman was beaten badly.

## EASTERN.

Wilson Brothers, wholesale and retail jewelers of Boston, Mass., made an assignment.

Williamatic woolen mills put to work the full force on a full-time schedule of sixty hours a week.

James Ponder, former Governor of Delaware, died at his home in Milton, that State, of paralysis. He was 78 years old.

Ex-United States Senator Nathan Fellow Dixon died at his home in Westbury, R. I., after an illness of about three weeks.

At Stoneboro, Pa., the boilers at the Mercer Iron and Coal Company's works exploded. Three men were killed and seven injured.

At Greenwich, Conn., Henry O. Havemeyer, who was operated upon for appendicitis, is still very low, although recovering slowly.

Rear Admiral Alexander Cullen Rhind, U. S. N., the hero of Fort Fisher, is dead at his home in New York. He had been confined to his bed for five weeks.

The New York Chamber of Commerce has passed resolutions urging the President and Congress to take immediate steps to strengthen the defense of Gotham's harbor.

Orders have recently been sent from Washington to push forward the new fortifications at Flinn's Point, N. J., on the Delaware river. Double shifts of men are now at work.

The Upsala College at New York, of which the Rev. L. H. Beck is president, has signed contracts with a real estate company providing for the removal of that institution to the city of New Orange, N. J.

There are twenty-seven steamships now in port or under charter at Philadelphia to load grain for European ports. Most of the grain will be shipped in the next few weeks. These steamers will carry an aggregate of 3,100,000 bushels of corn and wheat. So far this year the shipments of corn have aggregated nearly 22,000,000 bushels, as against less than 7,000,000 in 1896, and of wheat 3,993,880 bushels, compared with 3,840,616 last year.

## WESTERN.

George S. Shaw, president of the Cloquet Lumber Company, died suddenly at his residence in Cloquet, Minn. He was 75 years of age.

Temple Emanuel, the Jewish synagogue at the corner of Twenty-fourth and Curtis streets, Denver, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, \$35,000.

Acting Mayor Scooby, of Denver, has approved the ordinance recently passed by the Council fixing a license fee of \$1,000 for all dealers in cigarettes.

Ah-oo-Cho-Kah, the oldest member of the Winnebago Indian tribe, died at Tomah, Wis. He was believed to be between 105 and 125 years of age.

Nine miles east of Belton, Mo., Arthur Wright killed John Hess and shot the latter's father, William S. Hess, at their home. All those involved are farmers.

The boiler of a Burlington engine exploded three miles west of Crawford, Neb., instantly killing Engineer H. C. Simpson and Fireman E. M. Robinson.

Smarting under a fancied insult and crazed with drink, John McIntosh shot and killed Saloonkeeper Frank Pottemyer at Logansport, Ind., and wounded a sister and two brothers of the dead man.

Two brass buttons with the initials of the Duluth police department were found in the stomach of a moose dressed in that city. As one of the patrolmen is out on a moose hunt the department is somewhat agitated.

State Insurance Superintendent O'Rear at Jefferson City has decided that organizers of fraternal beneficiary insurance associations must have licenses to do business in Missouri, the same as regular old-line companies.

At Mankato, Minn., John A. Willard, a millionaire banker, has made an assignment. Mr. Willard estimates his direct liabilities at about \$480,000. All is secured with what was supposed to be ample security. His direct liabilities are perhaps double the size of his direct.

The schooner Volcano, only seventeen tons burden, has arrived at San Francisco after riding out a storm in mid-ocean, in which her compass was lost. Capt. William Kissel succeeded in making port after a voyage of 1,100 miles with no other guide than the sun, stars and the trend of the currents.

At Carson, Nev., Julian Guinan, aged 16, shot and fatally wounded Charles Jones, United States district attorney. Jones died soon after the shooting. Guinan surrendered himself at the sheriff's office and confessed. He claims to have killed Jones thinking he was about to attack Guinan's father.

The United States Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court for the California district refusing a writ of habeas corpus to William Henry Theodore Durrant, under sentence of death for the murder of Miss Blanche Lamont in San Francisco in April, 1895. The decision permits the law to take its course with the condemned man.

An Atlantic and Pacific passenger train was held up by four men near Grant's station, N. M. After blowing open the express company's safe, the robbers wrecked the train, which caught fire, the express, baggage and smoking cars being totally destroyed. It is not known how much money the robbers secured, but it is thought a large amount was carried by the train.

Nineteen lives were lost by the sinking of the steamer Idaho of the Western Transit line. The accident happened off Long Point, in Lake Erie, about sixty-five miles west of Buffalo, on the Canadian side. A strong southwest gale was blowing at the time. Off Long Point the steamer shipped a big sea, which quenched the fires in the engines and the boat was helpless. The captain and crew were lowering the lifeboat when the vessel gave a lurch and went down on her side, stern first. Two of the crew managed to reach the top of a single spar that stood above the water. There they clung until eight hours later, when they were discovered by the outlook on the Mariposa of the Minnesota line.

A St. Paul, Minn., special says: "When the early crop of wheat once gets out of the farmers' hands, after the holidays, it's likely to bring a decidedly better price. Yes, that price would be more than a dollar a bushel. And never has there been a better outlook at this time of the year for high prices during the following season. Next year will be a year of high-priced wheat." The foregoing estimate was made by Oliver Dal-

rymple, the bonanza farmer of the Red River valley. "There is certainly a shortage in wheat supplies at the present time," continued Mr. Dalrymple, "and the consensus of opinion is that winter wheat will turn out less than an average crop next spring. All the farmers up in Dakota are naturally feeling good in spite of the small crop. We have high prices at last. I'm just on my way to Casselton to pay off my men, and let me tell you, I do it with a good deal more satisfaction than I have experienced for a number of years."

## SOUTHERN.

The House of Representatives of the Georgia Legislature has passed a bill by a vote of 73 to 19, making the playing of football within the State limits a misdemeanor, and imposing a fine for violations of this act.

The Hotel San Marco, one of the finest and most commodious in St. Augustine, Fla., was burned to the ground, entailing a loss of about \$250,000, with less than \$50,000 insurance. The fire was started by incendiaries, who made the work sure.

The total attendance at the Tennessee centennial exposition was 1,682,305. The indebtedness is only \$30,000, while the property of the exposition company is valued at far more than this sum, and there are uncollected assets amounting to \$39,000.

The Georgia House of Representatives has passed a bill making it unlawful to play a prize or match game of football where an admission is charged. One thousand dollars fine or one year in the penitentiary, or both together, were fixed as the penalty.

James Conley, a prominent cotton planter, and W. H. Booe, of the firm of W. H. Booe & Son, became involved in a dispute over a settlement at Loneok, Ark., when Booe drew a revolver and shot Conley five times, twice in the back, and both lungs were pierced.

Judge John J. Jackson, in the United States Court at Martinsburg, W. Va., has decided that under the civil service law transfers cannot be made without trial, holding that it is equivalent to removal, and that the appointment of a man to a Federal position under the civil service law gives him a right in equity to the place which he is not forced to surrender save for cause.

## WASHINGTON.

Secretary Alger has recommended an increase of the army by two regiments of artillery.

Walker Fearn, one of the judges appointed by the President on the Egyptian international court, has resigned on account of ill health.

A convention between the United States, Russia and Japan, looking to the joint protection of the seals, was signed at the state department at Washington. It requires the approval of the Senate to become operative, and will not be made public until the same is received.

The heirs of the late millionaire Andrew J. Davis have secured a writ of error from Justice Brewer at Washington and will push their claim for the stock of the First National Bank of Butte, Mont., valued at \$1,000,000. Before he died Davis is alleged to have given the bank to his favorite nephew, Andrew J. Davis, Jr., and the latter has held it since.

Gen. Wade Hampton, who has just been succeeded by Gen. Longstreet as commissioner of railroads, has submitted to the interior department at Washington his report for the last fiscal year. He says that the year marked the low-water mark of railway construction. During the year thirty-four companies, with 5,441 miles of road, passed into the hands of the courts, and fifty-eight others previously placed in receivership were sold at foreclosure. A steady improvement in railroad earnings during the first six months of the current year is noted, an improvement particularly apparent in the bond-aided Pacific railroads. The outlook in the West generally for the present year is reported encouraging.

The first annual report of Commissioner of Pensions H. Clay Evans to the Secretary of the Interior at Washington has been made public. A summary follows: "There were added to the rolls during the year the names of 50,101 new pensioners, and there were restored to the rolls 3,971 pensioners who had been previously dropped; a total of 54,072. During the same period the losses to the roll were 31,909 by death, 1,074 by remarriage of widows and mothers, 1,845 by legal limitation (minors), 2,683 for failure to claim pension for three years and 4,560 for other causes; an aggregate of 41,122. The whole number of pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1897, was 976,014. The net gain over the previous year was 5,336. The amount disbursed for pensions by the pension agents during the year was \$139,790,242.12, and the amount disbursed by treasury settlement was \$150,475,23; a total of \$139,949,717. This exceeds the amount disbursed during the fiscal year 1896 by the sum of \$1,584,480."

## FOREIGN.

The latest war talk concerns a probable conflict between Japan and Russia over Korean affairs.

Marshal Blanco has issued a proclamation pardoning all Oubans who have been prosecuted for the crime of rebellion.

The Emperor of China and the Board of Revenue have approved a memorial presented in favor of establishing a gold standard and prohibiting the export of gold.

Albert Carre, manager of the Theater du Vaudeville, was given a scratch on the arm, in a duel at Paris, by Editor Servanines, of the Paris. The affair grew out of a newspaper article.

Honolulu friends of ex-Queen Lili are going to Washington this winter to plead her cause before Congress. The annexation movement appears to be gathering strength, many wealthy sugar planters having joined it.

Turkey, under the threat from the Bulgarian Government that unless the promised berats to the Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia should be granted, Bulgaria would declare independence, finally acceded to the demands and granted the berats.

A man named Hinde sued the Prince of Wales at London to recover \$300,000 alleged to have been wrongfully paid him by the late Under Sheriff Croll, who was the liquidator of the United Kingdom Electric Telegraph Company. The plaintiff declared that the money belonged to Mr. Allen, of whose estate he was the assignee. The case was thrown out of court on a technicality.

A letter received in London from Vienna says the published reports of the po-

litical situation in the Austrian empire convey no adequate idea of the chaos prevailing. "Baden must go!" is the general war cry now, and the Premier's downfall is considered inevitable, regardless of the outcome of the present fight between the Germans and the Czechs. No one can foresee how it will end.

There is likely to be a complete change in the policy of Spain in dealing with the United States, according to the view taken by Englishmen. This is attributed to the printed utterances of former United States Minister to Spain, Francis Taylor. News comes from Madrid that the cabinet intends to abandon its plan of conciliation and will inform the United States in diplomatic but plain language that Spain will do as she pleases regarding the granting of reforms in Cuba. It is also said in Madrid that Mr. Taylor's strictures on Spain will work hardship for the competitor prisoners in Havana. It has been understood that these Americans would have only a perfunctory trial and would be released as a mode of appeasing public clamor in the United States, but now the statement is made on apparent authority that they are to be prosecuted to the fullest extent. Spain will claim that their officers were within their rights in capturing the Competitor, and that the protocol of 1887 referred to American citizens residing in Cuba.

## IN GENERAL.

The total losses by fire for October in the United States and Canada aggregated \$11,387,500.

John Fortier, wanted by the Chicago police on two indictments for larceny and embezzlement, was arrested at Longueuil, Quebec. Fortier admits having stolen \$20,000 from Straw, McCoy & Co., clothing importers of Chicago, for whom he was bookkeeper.

Seven trustees of the W. C. T. U. Temple have resigned, including Miss Willard, who was forced to retire because of other pressing duties. Several of the others who resigned were opponents of Mrs. Carse, and their action is considered a victory for her.

Charles R. Hosmer, of Montreal, general manager of the Canadian Pacific telegraphs, general manager of the Pacific Postal Telegraph Company and vice president of the Commercial Cable Company, says that within the next year the Canadian Government will undoubtedly construct and complete a telegraph line to Dawson City.

The steamer George W. Elder has arrived at Nainaimo, B. C. Among her passengers was Donald Nicholson, who left Dawson Sept. 23. Mr. Nicholson says the food problem was a most perplexing question when he left Dawson. Seven steamers were then overdue. Nicholson says that Skookum Gulch proved an absolute failure outside of one claim. He believes the country to be rich, but it can never be properly developed until provisions are cheaper. Work is plenty at \$1.50 per hour. The gold commissioner and mounted police do not consider it advisable, under existing circumstances, to collect the 20 per cent. royalty and to reserve alternate claims for the Government. The miners are not required to take out licenses, but have to pay \$15 for staking claims, which pays for surveying and recording, and \$100 for the claim the second year. F. W. Valle, assistant superintendent of the railway mail service at Portland, Ore., has received a letter from Dyea stating that a party started Oct. 22 with 300 pounds of late mail for Dawson. The Canadian police were in charge, and the mail was drawn by dog teams.

Bradstreet's commercial report says: "Killing frosts South, the raising of quarantine embargoes at nearly all States invaded by yellow fever, the resumption of traffic and a prospective revival in demand for staple merchandise constitute the trade features of the week. Rains in central western and western States, followed by colder weather, have favored farmers and stimulated demand from interior storekeepers. This has had a favorable effect at Louisville, St. Louis and Kansas City. Jobbers in northwestern States are awaiting seasonable weather to stimulate the movement of heavy dry goods and winter clothing. Leading manufacturing industries continue fairly well employed. In addition to lower prices for Southern and Bessemer pig and for steel billets, quotations for naval stores, wools, copper, coffee, pork, flour, oats and wheat are lower, while those for cotton, print cloth, sugar and beef are unchanged, and for Indian corn and lead are a shade higher. Wheat exports—four included as wheat—from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week aggregated 5,575,216 bushels, compared with 5,911,391 bushels last week. Exports of Indian corn this week amount to 2,199,550 bushels, compared with 1,580,000 bushels last week."

## MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 92c to 93c; corn, No. 2, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2, 19c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c; butter, 16c to 18c; new potatoes, 35c to 50c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 92c to 94c; corn, No. 2 white, 24c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 93c to 95c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 24c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 21c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 47c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 91c to 93c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 44c to 46c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 91c to 93c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; rye, 46c to 48c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 93c to 95c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 49c; clover seed, \$3.20 to \$3.25.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 85c to 90c; corn, No. 3, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 49c; barley, No. 2, 40c to 45c; pork, mess, \$7.50 to \$8.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 90c to 97c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 26c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 90c to \$1.00; corn, No. 2, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; butter, creamery, 15c to 24c; eggs, Western, 20c to 22c.

## GOLD TO HELP TRADE.

### FIFTEEN MONTHS SHOW A GAIN OF \$112,000,000.

Whole Stock Increases—Money of All Sorts Is Much Easier Now than It Was Twelve Months Ago—Cubans Poor and Starving.

#### Counterfeiting Is Decreasing.

The first annual report of Ellis H. Roberts, treasurer of the United States, has just been completed. It shows, among other things, that money is much easier than it was a year ago. At the end of the fiscal year of 1896 the aggregate currency and specie in circulation was \$1,507,407,531, while at the close of the fiscal twelve months of 1897 this amount increased to \$1,641,190,097, while during the same period the total stock of money in circulation and in the treasury mints increased from \$2,348,333,571 to \$2,500,371,978. A gratifying improvement in the condition of the stock of money has occurred in the increased proportion of gold which has entered into circulation. The estimated gain of gold to the country in the fifteen months ending Oct. 1 is placed at \$112,511,570, of which about \$43,000,000 came from abroad. The redemption of national bank notes during the period covered by the treasurer's report entailed an expenditure of \$125,061,73, which the national banks had to pay at the rate of \$1.07 per \$1.00 of notes redeemed. A special deposit of \$70,000 of United States 4 per cent. bonds is held in the name of the comptroller of the currency for the benefit of the unfortunate Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati.

#### Starvation Abroad in Cuba.

"American citizens in Cuba are not starving, but I believe many others are," General Fitzhugh Lee, consul general at Havana, made this statement at New York, from whence he has sailed on the Ward Line steamship Segura. He added: "When I left Cuba many were dying of starvation. In Havana I did not see very much distress, but there was plenty in other parts of the island. During my absence I understand matters have grown much worse. There was no starvation at the place in Havana called Los Pinos when I left, but I am informed that destitute Cubans are starving there now and that there have been many deaths due to lack of food in other cities. The condition of the poorer classes in Cuba is deplorable. So far as the American citizens and their families are concerned, ample care is being taken of those who are in want. The appropriation by Congress of \$50,000 for their relief will last for some time yet, certainly until after Congress meets again. We are taking care of 1,400 American citizens in Cuba. They are scattered all over the island—not in the country, but in the cities and towns. But for the action of Congress many of these Americans would have starved."

## NEWS NUGGETS.

Sir Oliver Mowat is to be appointed lieutenant governor of Ontario.

The Argentine wheat and flax crops have been injured by frost.

Horatio David Davies, the new Lord Mayor of London, has been formally installed in office.

Grover Cleveland's son and heir has been named. He will be "Richard Folsom Cleveland," after his grandfather.

James Baker and High Warden, both colored, got into a quarrel over a load of wood at Dunkirk, O., and Warden killed Baker.

A bill will be presented to the next Maine Legislature to punish sportsmen who accidentally shoot or kill men in the woods.

Mrs. Mack, the New York murderess, has confessed the murder of William Guldensappe and implicated her lover, Martin Thorne. She told her story in detail in court.

At Kansas City, Mo., Mrs. Amanda J. Baird, the Christian science healer, was fined \$50 in police court for failing to report to the Board of Health a case of diphtheria she was treating.

The iron manufacturers operating the blast furnaces through the Mahoning valley, Ohio, have decided to advance the wages of furnace employees 10 per cent, to take effect Wednesday, Dec. 1.

The Campbell family, including John and Alexander Campbell, of Warren, Ohio, Mrs. McKinley, mother of President McKinley, and others have notice of a fortune left them in Scotland by an ancestor. The estate is large and steps will be taken to secure it.

Two weeks ago Lynn Taylor went to Cincinnati instead of appearing at the side of Miss Mary Burns, at Cincinnati, Ky., the evening he was to make her bride. The mortified and heartbroken girl took the matter so seriously as to prefer death by suicide to facing life afterward. Taylor committed suicide from remorse, adopting the same method as did Miss Burns, his affianced bride. He hanged himself.

The trustees of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce have adopted a resolution asking the United States government to set aside the money obtained from the payment of the debts of the Union, Central and Kansas Pacific railroads, the fund to be applied to the construction of the Nicaragua Canal. The government was also asked to establish a patrol of the Yukon River, and to station two additional military regiments at San Francisco.

The New Jersey supreme court has affirmed the sentence of eighteen months' imprisonment against J. Dixon Cunningham, a Chicago lawyer, convicted of embezzlement.

Foreign orders for fifty-six locomotives have been booked by the Baldwin Locomotive Works within the last few days. The price aggregates \$900,000.

The directors of the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce have adopted a majority report of the committee on rules, advocating the amendment so as to make No. 1 northern wheat the only grade deliverable upon contract for future delivery.

The Vatican officially contradicts the published report that the forthcoming papal encyclical on the Manitoba school question will undertake to accept the compromise suggested by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier of Canada, namely, neutral schools, with religious instruction after school hours only.

## GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

### The Average Yield of Corn Shown to Be 23.7 Bushels to the Acre.

The November report of the statisticians of the Department of Agriculture gives 23.7 bushels as the average yield per acre of corn according to the preliminary returns of the department's correspondents. The corresponding preliminary estimate last year was 27.3 bushels, and that of the principal crop States is as follows: New York, 32.5; Pennsylvania, 36.0; Ohio, 32.5; Indiana, 28.0; Illinois, 21.5; Iowa, 29.0; Missouri, 25.0; Kansas, 19.0; Nebraska, 25.0. The average per cent of quality is 85.3, as compared with 83.4 in 1896 and 92.3 in 1895.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield of buckwheat is 20.7 bushels per acre, as compared with 18.7 bushels last year and 20.1 bushels in 1895. The averages in New York and Pennsylvania, the two States of principal production, are 22 and 21 bushels per acre, respectively. The average per cent of quality is 94.2, as compared with 94.7 in November of last year. The average yield per acre of tobacco is 940 pounds, against 979 pounds per acre last year and 743 pounds in 1895. The estimated average yield per acre of Irish potatoes is 94.6 bushels, as compared with 88.5 bushels last year and 100.7 bushels in November, 1895. The average per cent of quality is 81.3, against 80.2 in November last year and 94.8 in November, 1895.

The average yield of hay is 1.42 tons per acre, against an average of 1.21 tons per acre for the last fifteen years. In point of quality the average is 92.8 per cent, as compared with 92.9 per cent in November, 1896, and 91.3 per cent in 1895.

Favorable conditions for the sowing of the fall crops are reported from most parts of Europe, and the condition of the crops, so far as sown, is likewise favorable. The opinion is freely expressed that an increased area has been sown in wheat, but this appears to be more as a matter of inference from the natural tendency of high prices to produce such an effect than as an observed fact. The crop reports from India continue favorable, and on the whole this is true as to those from Argentina and Australia, but in all these countries the harvest is too remote to permit any very confident prediction as to the final outcome. In the case of Argentina it may prove that more damage has been done by the locusts and the spring frosts than is yet apparent. There is nothing to indicate that the wheat shortage in Europe is any less than has been supposed, while the crop of Manitoba is now represented to be much below the official estimate issued in August and that of the Canadian Northwest territory is poor.

## EMPLOYING COOLIES.





## CHAPTER X.

If Sir Wilfrid Ewell had been sullen for two days after his last interview with Jane Warner, he was unhappy for many more than two days after his last interview with Lena St. Blaise. He had obtained the object of his desire. He had won the prize after which he panted. He had received the assurance which he had believed would make him happy forever. And yet he was not happy. On the contrary, he felt very miserable. The date of the wedding had already been discussed, and all but decided on, and Miss St. Blaise had hinted to him, with downcast eyes, that she would like of all things to visit Spain for the honeymoon. So that matter was settled and done with.

One evening Wilfrid took his sister Rosie to the theater, a rare occurrence, as her mother did not like her remaining out late. It was Saturday night, and the new piece, like most new pieces, took about twice as long as it should have done in representation, so that when the curtain fell, Sir Wilfrid found they had just missed the last train to Surbiton.

"This is awkward, Rosie," he said, consulting his watch; "I shall have to put you up for the night."

"Oh, lovely! Capital!" cried the girl, clapping her hands.

"Yes, that's all very well, my dear, but you're a nuisance. What am I to do with you? I don't like to take you to a hotel, and the St. Blaises are out of town till Monday. Let me see, I must take you down to Chelsea, where I used to live. I keep my rooms there still, and the Warners will manage to give you a bed."

"And you will stay, too, Wilfrid?"

"Ah, yes! I intended to have run over there to-morrow. I often spend Sunday with them. It's so nice and cool at Chelsea. Now, here's a handsome jump in, and we'll be there in twenty minutes. You must be sure and not say a word about my engagement to the Warners, Rosie."

"Don't they know it? Why, Wilfrid, I should have thought you would be so proud you would tell every one."

"I haven't told them, and you must promise me not to do so, either."

"Of course I won't, Wilfrid."

When they arrived at Wolsey Cottage he left his sister in the cab, and walked up to the house alone. This time Sarah opened the door to him.

"Where is your mistress?"

"The old missus is in bed, sir; and Miss Jane's lying down in the parlor with a bad headache. I don't think she expected you to-night, sir."

He did not answer her, but walked straight into the parlor. As Jane saw him, she rose from the sofa with a slight cry.

"Oh, Will! I had quite given you up for to-night! What makes you so late, dear?"

"Hush! the girl's outside! Look here, Jane—I've brought my sister Rosie here for the night. Can you give her a bed?"

"How nice of you—of course I can! I will give her my own! Where is she?" demanded Jane, struggling to her feet.

"Don't make a fuss about it. Remember she knows nothing! Just treat her like any other young lady you see for the first time. We have been to the theater, and lost the last train to Surbiton, so I thought it better to bring her here than take her to a hotel; she is so young. Shall I fetch her in?"

"Ye, dear, at once! And don't be afraid; she shall learn nothing from me," replied Jane, as she hastily brushed away the tears that had rushed to her eyes at his cool reception of her.

In another minute he was back with Rosie, blushing, as young girls will blush, on a first introduction even to a lodging-house keeper.

Jane did not wait on them at table. She left the servant to do that. But when their supper was concluded, she appeared with a candle to light Rosie to bed.

"You have known my brother a long time," said Rosie. "Isn't he a dear fellow?"

"He has always been very kind to me," "I couldn't be anything but happy with Wilfrid, and when he married—"

But here Rosie stopped short and colored.

"Yes, when he married?" repeated Jane Warner, quickly.

"Well, I suppose he will be married some day," continued Rosie, trying to get herself out of the dilemma in which she found herself. "Mamma says he owes it to his position in the county, and all that, you know. But I'm to live with him all the same. Nothing is to alter that."

"And—has Sir Wilfrid told you who his wife is to be?" asked Jane, hesitatingly. Something she knew not what—made her almost afraid to put the question.

"You mustn't ask me," replied Rosie, with dancing eyes, brimful of mischief, "because I have promised Wilfrid faithfully not to tell. But you'll hear some day. See if you don't. My brother is sure to tell you, because he looks on you as such an old friend. He does, indeed. He told me as we came along that he had lived here for so many years it felt just like home. And he thinks you and your mother awfully kind people, and so attentive. How nice it would be if, when he is married, he should ask you to go and be his housekeeper at Lambcote Hall! Would you like it, Miss Warner—would you go and be housekeeper at Lambcote if Wilfrid were to ask you to do so?"

"I don't think so, dear—I mean Miss Ewell," replied Jane, blushing. "I don't think I shall ever go to Lambcote as a housekeeper."

She left the room suddenly, almost before she had received an answer, for she felt as if she dared not trust herself to talk to Rosie any longer. And the girl observed her want of ease, and placed her own construction on it.

"And how did you sleep?" inquired Sir Wilfrid of his sister, as they met at breakfast in his sitting room the following morning.

"And so you like Jane?"

"Very much! I think she is so nice and ladylike—much more like a lady than half the people you meet. Wilfrid," she went on presently, "do you remember what I said to you about her last night?"

"What was that?" he demanded, pretending to forget.

"That she had some love trouble. Well, I think I've found it out, too. Now, don't laugh, Wilfrid, before I've done. She's in love with you."

Seeing how the land lay, Sir Wilfrid thought it advisable to take her away from Wolsey Cottage as soon as possible. So, when breakfast was concluded, he told her they must not keep her mother in suspense longer than necessary, and took her back to Surbiton. What was his horror on seeing her, at parting, throw her arms round Jane Warner's neck and kiss her effusively!

"What on earth did you mean by that, Rosie?" he said, testily, as they drove away from the door.

"By what?"

"By kissing Miss Warner in that manner. You ought to remember the difference in your station."

"But you told me yourself that she was a lady, Wilfrid."

"Well, her father was a gentleman, certainly; but Jane has been brought up to a life of independence, and it is the associations, you know, that widen the distance in these cases."

He was using, unconsciously to himself, the same argument the lawyer had used to him.

"Well, I consider she is a lady, and I choose to kiss her," replied his sister, stoutly; "and I think, too, you are rather ungrateful, Wilfrid, after all they have done for you."

"Rubbish!" he returned, angrily. "I have paid them regularly, and what on earth can lodging house keepers want more? This must be put a stop to, he thought—a stop to, at once and forever!"

## CHAPTER XI.

Jane Warner perceived directly her husband returned that something had gone wrong. She guessed, from the violence with which he rang the bell, and the impatience he evinced at any delay that he was out of temper. But her spirit, also, had been roused from two or three hints that Rosie Ewell had let fall before her, and she determined not to be the first to ask for an explanation. So the hours slipped away until the evening, and still Sir Wilfrid had spoken no sentence to her that might not have been addressed to the daughter of his landlady.

But at that time the cottage was unusually still. Sarah had taken the old lady to church, and Mr. Cobble was spending the evening with his friends. There was no one at home but those two fevered hearts, that knew not what to say to one another.

Presently Jane, sitting in her mother's parlor, was startled by a violent ring at the upstairs bell. In another moment she appeared at the door.

"What are you so busy about?" demanded Sir Wilfrid. "Are you going to leave me to spend the whole evening to myself?"

"I supposed that if you wished for my company, Will, you would tell me so," she answered.

"I do wish for it, then. I have been very much annoyed this morning, and I want to talk to you about it."

"What has annoyed you?" she asked, seating herself.

"Something that my sister repeated to me. It seems you as good as divulged our secret to her."

"Indeed, I did no such thing."

"You let her guess your feelings, any way."

"I feel that you are not treating me fairly, Will—that this delay in informing your family and the world that we are married is unjust to me—more than unjust. It is cruel! You are amusing yourself in society, and passing everywhere as a bachelor, whilst I sit at home day after day brooding over my lot, and wearying to your friends as Lady Ewell. But it cannot go on so much longer. It is my right to be by your side, and I claim it. If you try to insist on any further delay, I shall tell your mother and sisters that we are man and wife."

"My dear child, you are talking the most utter nonsense. No one would believe your story."

"I have my proofs."

"What proofs?"

"My marriage certificate and ring."

"My dear Jane, any one would think you were simple. Have I not told you that certificate is of no effect—so much waste paper?"

"But you must make it effectual, Will. You must give me another," she cried passionately. "I cannot and I will not go on like this any longer. Every time you come down here seems like a sin. I know I am your wife, but I do not feel like it. Oh, do marry me again—in a few days at furthest—and I will live here as long as ever you choose, and not say a word to any one."

She had left her seat and knelt down by his side, and laid her dark head upon his knee. But when a man's fickle fancy has wandered from dark to fair, the locks he used to admire become positively repulsive in his eyes. And just at that moment Sir Wilfrid wondered how he could have thought Jane Warner better than she was. As he wondered, he slightly shifted his knee, and the poor girl knew that he had annoyed instead of soothed him.

"Have you lost all feeling for me? Is it of no use my appealing to you?" she said reproachfully, as she raised her head and looked him in the face.

"It is folly talking about appeal, Jane."

He answered: "As if it was in my power to alter things! We are not married—I have told you that before—and nothing will ever make us married."

"Except performing the ceremony over again," she interposed.

"And that is not convenient for me to do—at least at present."

She pushed her hair off her face and gazed at him earnestly.

"You want to get rid of me!" she said breathlessly.

"On the contrary, I hope we shall continue the closest of friends to our lives' end. And no one will be the wiser, you see. Not a soul knows we ever meant to be married, except Parfitt, and he has probably forgotten your name by this time. If it had been made public it would be different. But we are actually free to do as we like. And, after a while, you will doubtless marry also, and be much happier in a quieter position of life than you ever could be with me."

"You have fixed your fancy on some one else! You are in love with another woman!" exclaimed Jane, with the quick intuition of her sex.

Sir Wilfrid thought it might be the best plan to let her know the worst at once.

"You are right," he answered, with affected ease. "I have fixed upon my future wife; in fact, I am engaged to her."

"You shall never marry her!" cried poor Jane, passionately. "I will come between you at the very altar! Every one in church shall know how you have treated me, and that I am your wife, and you cannot marry any one else."

"I hardly think that, upon consideration, you would expose yourself to ridicule like that," replied Sir Wilfrid. "A mad woman forcing herself upon a wedding party in church and claiming the bridegroom as her property is not an unusual sight in this country, but it is not a role that obtains much sympathy. I think it would be better to let things slide. If you only keep your counsel, not a soul need ever hear of it again."

"My heart—my heart!" cried Jane Warner, pressing her hands against her side. But she did not weep. And the man was talked at last by her tearless pain. He walked up to her and put his arm about her waist.

"It need make no difference to us," he whispered, "or to our affection, Jane. If you like to consider yourself my property, do so. I shall never think of you as less—and would like to think so to our lives' end."

But she threw him off as if he had been a coiling serpent, ready to sting her.

"Your property!" she echoed scornfully. "And, having been false to me, you would now be false to her! No, no! if you go, you go; and I will see no more of you. I will never be your friend. I will be your wife—as I believe myself to be at the present moment—and nothing less. But that you can consent to give me up forever! Oh, my heart! my heart!"

"Of course, if you are obstinate, I can do no more," replied Sir Wilfrid sulkily. "It is not my fault if you take the business in such a confoundedly unpleasant spirit. And so, perhaps, I had better say good-by to you."

"Good-by!—good-by forever!" said Jane Warner, as she clinched her teeth desperately together.

"What! won't you kiss me? Are we to part like two strangers?" said Sir Wilfrid.

She turned and looked at him—such a look as two friends, condemned to die, might turn on one another for the last time—a look in which all the pent-up joy and pain of years seemed to be commingled—and then she left him, and Sir Wilfrid heard her go into her own bedroom and turn the key in the lock. So, after several appeals to the broken-hearted girl to come out and make it up again before he went, Sir Wilfrid, with a muttered oath against her obstinacy, flung himself downstairs and turned his back on the cottage at Chelsea.

## TRADING IN SPOILS OF WAR.

Yankees Profiting Handsomely by Wreck of Cuban Industry.

Other nations' extremity is usually Uncle Sam's opportunity. With his customary cuteness and foresight he has availed himself of the distracted state of Cuba to make money in a rather odd way. When the war in Cuba had been raging for some time and the industries of the unhappy island were at a standstill it occurred to the astute manager of the Nassau smelting works that there was money to be made by purchasing the wrecked machinery that lay rusting in the fields and factories of Cuba while the engineers and planters to whom the plants belonged were fighting for freedom against the Spanish soldiers. The idea was acted upon at once. Six months ago there left for Cuba an expedition which consisted of seventy-five men, whose only weapon was an unlimited credit upon which to draw, for the purpose of buying up the entire machinery of the island and at the cheapest prices for cash.

The Spanish authorities at first looked upon the expedition with suspicion and at one time it seemed as though the entire contingent of peaceful traders would be arrested and thrown into Morro castle as filibusters in disguise. They succeeded, however, in demonstrating their peaceful intentions and forthwith proceeded to scatter over the island, looking for the owners of the engines, boilers, plows, tobacco raising plants and sugar plantation implements that the Cubans left to the care of anyone who happened to take a fancy to them. Where no owner could be discovered, for the reason that Spanish bullets had left the property ownerless, the Spanish officials were only too glad to proclaim themselves the rightful possessors of the property and allow the agents of the smelting works to carry off the rusting machinery at their own price.

As fast as it could be bought up the machinery was shipped to New York, chiefly as old metal, and to-day in the shops and yards of the smelting works can be seen the remnants of what were once, in the piping times of peace, the plants with which the industries of Cuba brought wealth to the coffers of the planters and manufacturers. If there is any vestige left in Cuba of its former industries it is certainly not the fault of the seventy-five men who are engaged in buying up as old metal the machinery of the war-torn island. When the war is ended—if it ever does end—the Cubans will have to begin all over again and buy entirely new plants throughout the length and breadth of the land before the wheels of industry will be able to hum once more. Then Uncle Sam will score again, for the new machinery will probably be bought from him.—New York Herald.

## NEWS OF OUR STATE.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST TO MICHIGANERS.

You Cannot Kill Charlie—Michigan Has Been Very Successful in Raising Black Bass—Sand Lake Couple Sleep Soundly—Divorced Husband Suicides.

#### Bears a Charmed Life.

Charles B. Nelson of Cadillac, who was shot in the heart while sitting in a Chicago park with a girl last summer, and who recovered after physicians gave him up for dead, apparently bears a charmed life. Since the attempt on his life, Mr. Nelson was captured near Northport, six miles out in the lake, and was buffeted about in the angry waves a full hour before help came. Later he was hurried from the top of a high wagon, and though he landed on his head no serious injury resulted, and yet the doctor said any sudden shock might prove fatal to him.

#### Struck Rich Ore.

The most important iron ore discovery on the Menominee range in several years has been made a few miles east of Crystal Falls. The find is located on the bank of the Michigan river, one mile south of the Mansfield mine. The ore body was discovered by George Maas of Mansfield, with the aid of a diamond drill. The drill hole was put down at an angle of 80 degrees and struck the ore at the depth of 117 feet. From that point to a depth of 194 feet the drill encountered nothing but clean ore that assays 62 per cent in iron and .051 per cent in phosphate, thus putting it safely within the Bessemer limit. The width of the vein must be about forty feet.

#### Hatching Black Bass.

The State of Michigan has just completed the stocking of the new bass ponds at Mill Creek, a few miles north of Grand Rapids, and now commences some of the most important work ever attempted in the way of the artificial propagation of fish in the United States. The artificial raising of bass has been attempted many times in various States, but it has remained for Michigan to make a success of it, and show that it can be done. The feasibility of the work has already been proven, and now the State is well equipped for its carrying on.

#### Are Sound Sleepers.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Leszczynski of Sand Beach are sound sleepers. The other night a burglar broke into their residence, entered the bedroom in which they slept, walked up to a chair, which stood close to the head of the bed, and took \$8 in cash and a watch and chain valued at \$80 from the pockets of a pair of trousers, and decamped. Neither Mr. nor Mrs. Leszczynski knew of the burglar's visit until they got up at the usual hour in the morning.

#### Couldn't Raise Funds.

Willett Chase was released from the county jail at Owosso, where he had been confined for contempt of court in not paying alimony to his wife. A few evenings later Chase was found in the barn of Dillon Pittenger of Fairfield township, with his throat cut from ear to ear. He had promised his wife's solicitors to return to jail, in case he was unable to raise money to pay the alimony.

#### Curtice Wright Murderer.

In the case of Benjamin C. Nunn at Gladwin, who was charged with being an accessory to the murder of Curtice Wright, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. Roy Nunn, the 17-year-old son of Benjamin, who pleaded guilty to the murder of Wright, in his confession charged that his father had incited him to kill Wright.

#### Barber Runs Amuck.

At Benton Harbor, George Congdon, a barber, made a murderous attack with a knife upon his 80-year-old father, Gordon Congdon, a younger brother, and Dr. J. J. Fabry, who had been called to attend Mrs. Congdon, who was dangerously ill. He stabbed his father several times and injured his mother so that she may die.

#### State of Good Quality Found.

State of a promising quality has been found on section 14, town 48 north, range 34 west, near Covington. While it will not be possible to pronounce definitely upon the value of the find until more extensive work has been done upon it, the indications are favorable.

#### The Salt Product.

The following is the monthly report of State Salt Inspector Caswell for October: Manisteg County, 171,874; Mason, 99,152; St. Clair, 49,064; Bay, 29,971; Saginaw, 28,511; Wayne, 28,078; Iosco, 6,235; Midland, 1,000; Total, 355,385.

#### Minor State Matters.

Free mail delivery at Holland has not yet materialized.

Alexander Magill has been appointed postmaster at Midland.

Charles M. Snyder, a prominent Albion man, is in a critical condition as the result of a stroke of paralysis.

At Coloma, John Brown's residence, together with its contents, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$1,200; insurance, \$400.

Mrs. Duncan McGathy of Goodland township, died suddenly in Cliff's photographic gallery at Imlay City, of heart trouble.

Burglars called on several rich Linden farmers the other night. H. Van Tiffin and George Taylor were relieved of about \$50 each.

Mrs. E. Woodruff, wife of Solomon C. Woodruff of Greenville, and one of its most prominent ladies, dropped dead from heart failure while calling on a neighbor.

The St. Clair Common Council has ordered a special election for Nov. 29 to vote on a proposition for bonding the city for \$3,500 for the improvement of the city hall.

May Braman, who was convicted at Flint on a charge of assisting prisoners to escape, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment at the Detroit house of correction.

While the family of S. S. Flemming at Battle Creek was at church, a burglar entered their residence and stole a new ulster overcoat, some money and about \$25 worth of jewelry.

The Kalamazoo Chamber of Commerce endorsed the project to erect a new \$100,000 hotel near the Michigan Central depot, one-third of the stock for which has already been subscribed.

St. Joseph's academy at Adrian will be enlarged.

Walter Elliott of Gobles committed suicide by hanging.

Patrick Delaney, aged 77 years, died suddenly at Metamora.

Harry Plaisted of Port Huron seriously wounded himself while out hunting.

Mr. and Mrs. Hazen of Beaverton were seriously injured in a runaway accident.

Henry Greens of Standish was thrown from a wagon and had his back broken. He may die.

Samuel M. Lemon has been formally installed as collector of internal revenue at Grand Rapids.

The deposits in the Bay City and Saginaw banks have increased \$417,255.33 since July 23 last.

Chris Wilk, a Finlander of Negaunee, will lose his right hand as the result of a shooting accident.

A big plan is to be erected at Hardwood, Dickinson County, for the manufacture of cedar shingles.

Halloween marauders did several hundred dollars' worth of damage in the Eighth ward at Bay City.

The residences of Mike Oury and Julius Sonneberg at Stronach burned. The total loss is about \$2,000.

The Grain Cradle Manufacturing Co.'s building and machinery at Schoolcraft burned. Loss, \$3,000; insurance, \$2,000.

Clyde McLane, a Port Huron ship carpenter, had his foot crushed and leg broken by the falling of some timbers on him.

A young child of Charles Kittle, who lives northeast of Willow, was severely scalded by falling into a tub of hot water.

Glover Nash of Vicksburg was accidentally shot by his companion, Ward Woodworth, while hunting. He will recover.

Mr. Parker, the senior member of Parker & Patches, druggists, and one of Springport's oldest firms, has retired from business.

Ed Chapin and Bert Norton were each sent to jail for sixty days at Kalamazoo for placing ties on the Grand Trunk track at Scott's.

Local option gained a signal victory in the special election in Van Buren County. The majority in favor of no saloons will reach 1,000.

Rev. W. F. Jones, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Alma, announced his resignation to his congregation. He will go to Tecumseh.

Rev. T. F. Slattery of St. Mary's Catholic Church of Lansing, announced to his congregation that Bishop Foley had accepted his resignation.

Martin Aldrich died at the Tamarack hospital in Calumet from injuries received in the North Tamarack mine ten days ago. His skull was fractured.

Frank Phiscator, the Baroda gold king, has received his first payment from an English syndicate for his Klondike interests, which he sold for \$1,300,000.

Owosso's Common Council has finally allowed the bills of the members of the Board of Health for extra services, and their resignations will be withdrawn.

Grand Rapids authorities are determined not to allow Sunday theatricals. They will arrest members of any company which attempts to give a performance.

The large Polish school building at Manisteg caught fire and burned to the ground, together with an adjoining residence. Loss, \$12,000; insurance, \$10,000.

Grand Rapids police raided the rooms of a local club and arrested a number of women who were dancing before a crowd of 200 men. The managers of the affair were also arrested.

Charles Greenfield of Deerfield has recovered a verdict of \$7,000 against the Lake Shore Railroad for injuries he received while in the employ of the company a year ago.

Receiver Ainger of the First National Bank at Benton Harbor has been authorized to settle a \$20,000 claim of the bank against the Thompson Gas Company at Gas City, Ind.

Mrs. "Bad" Carpenter of Adrian, with suicidal intent, swallowed a dose of atropine, prescribed for her child as an eye-saver. A physician was called in time to save her life. Family troubles.

Lewis Miller, wanted by the sheriff of Eaton County, was shot accidentally by Sheriff H. Gifford at Thompsonville while running to avoid arrest. Miller was formerly of South Haven, where his parents live.

The store of J. J. Davis, one of the oldest dry goods merchants in Owosso, has been closed under chattel mortgages given to the Owosso savings bank for \$6,000, and to a trustee for \$12,000 for the benefit of creditors.

Raymond Moore, Eddie Marti and Chas. and Willie Tibbitts, sons of prominent Benton Harbor families, bought a mule, wagon, guns and provisions and started overland for Alaska. They were captured and brought back.

Henry D. Dean, vice-president of the Benton Harbor Electric Railway and Transit Co., has been discharged by the United States District Court at Grand Rapids on the complaint of violating the United States postal law.

Of seven manufacturers at Buchanan who were interviewed by a local newspaper man, five reported larger orders and better business than last year and the others report business just about the same as last year in their lines.

The board of regents of the U. of M. has made the following appointments: Dr. O. R. Long, Ionia, lecturer in the homeopathic department; B. W. Peet, assistant in general chemistry; W. L. Missett, assistant in engineering.

A large part of Pinconning was wiped out by fire. The fire started in Dr. Porter's residence in Second street, leaped across to Kaiser street and cleaned out buildings on both sides, a distance of three blocks. Several stores, hotels, bank, postoffice, Michigan Central station, Presbyterian Church and ten houses were destroyed. The total loss will reach \$80,000, with \$15,000 insurance.

Theodore J. Dumanols of Davison pleaded guilty on three charges of violating the liquor law in the village. Sentence was deferred because of his wife's serious illness, and he was released on \$500 bail.

Mrs. Ella M. First of Ann Arbor is having more than her share of trouble. Her 10-year-old son, Clarence, was first taken with typhoid fever. Then her father came to visit her and he was seized with a serious illness. The other morning she was handling gasoline, when an explosion occurred and she was frightfully burned about the face.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

### INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE LESSON.

Reflections of an Elevating Character—Wholesome Food for Thought—Studying the Scriptural Lesson Intelligently and Profitably.

#### Lesson for Nov. 21.

Golden Text—"Be strong in the Lord, and in the power of his might."—Eph. 6: 10.

During Paul's imprisonment a report reached him from the Colossian Epaphras which caused him to write a letter to the Colossian church warning it against some dangers and expressing his love and anxiety for even those Christians whom he had never seen "in the flesh." The same message was needed by the church in Laodicea, not far from Colosse, and Paul accordingly directed that after reading it, the Colossians should send it to their sister church, receiving in return "The epistles from Laodicea" (Col. 4: 16). Now we have no epistle entitled "To the Laodiceans," but we have an epistle which many careful scholars think is the one referred to—namely, what is usually called the epistle to the Ephesians. In that epistle the name of Ephesus appears but once, in the first verse—"To the saints which are at Ephesus, and the faithful in Christ Jesus." In the margin of the revised version appears the note: "Some very ancient authorities omit 'at Ephesus.'" This does not give a fair idea of the many arguments which tend to prove that this epistle was not written to the Ephesians. Not only are the words "at Ephesus" wanting in some of our oldest and best manuscripts, but we read in the works of Basil, Jerome, Epiphanius and Tertullian that the words were omitted in the manuscripts known to them—dating far back of those now extant. Marcion the heretic speaks of this epistle as the epistle to the Laodiceans.

Reasons equally strong for rejecting the present title are thus stated by Conybeare and Howson: "(1) It would be inexplicable that St. Paul, when he wrote to the Ephesians, amongst whom he had spent so long a time, and to whom he was bound by ties of such close affection, should not have a single message of personal greeting to send. Yet none such are found in this epistle. (2) He could not have described the Ephesians as a church whose conversion he knew only by report (1: 15). (3) He could not speak to them as only knowing him to be an apostle by hearsay (3: 2). (4) He could not describe the Ephesians as so exclusively Gentiles (2: 11; 4: 17) and so recently converted (5: 8; 1: 13; 2: 13). For these and other reasons it seems fairly well settled that this epistle was not written to the Ephesians but was a sort of circular letter to several of the newer churches in the neighborhood of Laodicea, in the province of Asia; in each copy the name of one of these churches being inserted, such as Laodicea, Philadelphia, Hierapolis. In these churches Paul had few personal acquaintances, and this accounts for the absence of personal messages. It also accounts for the general nature of the epistle. This theory is of course only a theory, but it is well supported.

This letter, which we may call a circular letter to some churches in Asia, was taken by the same bearers who carried the epistle to the Colossians and that to Philomene-Tychicus and the ex-slave Onesimus. Its general theme seems to be the unity of the church—in the broader sense of that word, including all true believers, which is found but seldom in the New Testament. But undoubtedly does not occur in Eph. 1: 22. This unity is first expounded,



## THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Fordham & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY C. T. KOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 5 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application. Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.



R. Parker spent Monday at Detroit. M. E. Fuller of Jackson spent Tuesday here. Mrs. Isabelle Sherry is visiting in Ann Arbor. Glen Stinson is visiting his mother at Albion.

Saxe Stinson was in Stockbridge Wednesday. Mrs. T. E. Wood is visiting friends at Mason.

C. LeRoy Hill is visiting relatives at Newaygo. Mrs. Mary Hook spent Sunday in Ypsilanti.

Miss Lina Lighthall is visiting friends at Dexter. John Waltrous is spending this week at Ithaca.

Mrs. Cora Baldwin spent Sunday in Stockbridge. Mrs. A. G. Day of Newaygo is visiting relatives here.

Charles Conklin of Hersey is spending this week here. Mrs. D. C. McLaren visited friends at Dexter Tuesday.

R. P. Copeland of Dexter spent Saturday at this place. Mrs. Wm. Judson of Ann Arbor is visiting friends here.

Becker Pratt of Kalamazoo called on friends here Tuesday. Mrs. John Schlee of Ann Arbor visited friends here this week.

Miss Kathryn Hooker spent the first of the week at Ypsilanti. Miss Minnie Allyn has returned to her school work at Ypsilanti.

Mrs. J. H. Cutting of Ann Arbor was a Chelsea visitor Monday. Mrs. Theo. Swarthout is spending this week with relatives at Ovid.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert visited friends at Ypsilanti the first of the week. F. P. Glazier and daughters, Vera and Edna, spent Saturday at Detroit.

Alonso Knight of Detroit has been calling on friends here this week. Mr. and Mrs. E. Crafts of Sharon are visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Crowell.

Mrs. Raymond of Grass Lake is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gilbert. Mrs. M. Wolfer of Jackson was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Schenk.

Henry Schwelkerath of Cleveland spent Tuesday with relatives in Chelsea. Miss Edith Boyd spent several days of the past week with relatives at Detroit.

E. D. Lane of Fultonham, O., was a caller at the Standard office Friday last. J. D. Schnaltman attended the Masonic school of instruction at Ypsilanti Wednesday.

Mrs. John Bill of New Buffalo was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles Limpert this week. Mr. and Mrs. W. Weeks of North Adams are the guests of Mrs. S. E. Buchanan.

Mrs. Barney McManney and sons, John and James, are attending a wedding in Battle Creek. Richard Trouten, who has been a resident of Toledo for some time, will make his home here.

Dr. and Mrs. F. Goodwin of Cassopolis were the guests of Mrs. M. J. Noyes the first of the week. Miss Edith Noyes left Tuesday for Chicago where she was called by the illness of her sister.

Miss Julia Benedict of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Taylor. Mrs. Feesdon of Romeo was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes the first of the week.

Mrs. Charles Parker of Jackson and Mrs. C. Hamilton of Grass Lake were entertained at the home of Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Hamilton last week. Mr. and Mrs. Lorin Glover of Fowlerville have been spending a few days here as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Boyd and other relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hall of Toledo, O., Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hall of Ann Arbor, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Flowers of Moberly, Mo., are visiting the families of E. C. Rhodes and Wm. Hall of Sharon. Just received at C. Steinbach's the finest lot of horse blankets and robes of all kinds, that ever came to Chelsea. In order to turn them into cash quickly I will give bargains that will move them at once. Come and inspect them and get prices.

FOR SALE.—One "B Daylight" Kodak. Inquire at Standard Office.

## SCHOOL NOTES.

The Latin I class enjoyed a written lesson Thursday.

We are glad to announce that the German class is improving.

The high school sang from their new song books and charts Wednesday morning.

Miss Edna Notion of Francisco is now one of the members of the Chelsea High School.

Mrs. McKane was not here last week, so there was no music work in the high school Wednesday morning.

The senior class gave their president an agreeable surprise last Wednesday evening. All adjourned with light hearts and smiling faces.

The singing on Wednesday morning sounded like hen cackling and the students were informed that they would have to begin with the baby class.

Two of the chemistry students while filling a tube with hydrogen, held the sodium too near the bottom of the vessel and the result was an explosion from which they received a shower of water.

One of the boys whose office it is to carry the singing books from the high school room to the office, was like the lazy horse who tried to carry too heavy a load, and consequently let some of them fall.

On Monday morning the lips of the senior girls looked as if they had been rubbed against somebody's newly painted red barn. Any one missing the paint can obtain the same by calling at the school.

While one of the members of the chemistry class was coming up from the laboratory last Tuesday morning she missed her footing on the last landing and fell flat on the floor, but before one of the young men who was behind her, could help her, she had scrambled to her feet and was in a convulsion of laughter. The pupils of the high school saw the proceedings and were in a roar when she entered the room.

A New Companion Every Week.

Fifty-two times a year The Youth's Companion goes into the homes of every one of its subscribers. Fifty-two times a year it brings to the fireside the best thoughts of the best minds in Europe and America. Coming every week, there is a delightful freshness and timeliness to its contents. The Companion keeps always in touch with current events. Its editorial utterances and its notes on new topics of interest in nature and science are always abreast of the times. Fifty-two numbers are scarcely sufficient to contain all the stories, special articles, and other reading already provided for Companion readers during 1898.

Among the eminent writers for the new volume whose contributions are already in hand are Mr. Gladstone, Lord Dufferin, Speaker Reed, the Duke of Argyll, Senator Lodge, Justin McCarthy, Professor Shaler, John Burroughs, Percival Lowell, Rudyard Kipling, W. D. Howells, Mary E. Wilkins, Captain Mahan and Lieutenant Peary.

Present readers of The Companion who renew their subscriptions, and new subscribers will receive free a beautiful gold embossed calendar, printed in twelve colors. It is one of the richest and costliest calendars ever printed. Those who subscribe now will receive The Companion every week from the time the subscription is received until January, 1899. A handsome illustrated announcement of The Companion's contents for 1898 will be sent free to any one addressing The Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.

Real Estate Transfers.

Della E. Sparks to John Schaefele, Chelsea, \$1,100.

Paul F. Schlenderer et al. to John Koch et al. Ann Arbor, \$500.

Geo. Snauble and wife to Chas. Faber, Bridgewater, \$725.

Robt. Rainey to Wm. B. Johnson, York \$1,000.

A. C. Rolison to W. A. Wallace, Ypsilanti, \$600.

H. J. Post to Edw. Collier, Willis, \$800.

W. H. Guerin to G. H. Whittinger, Lima, \$200.

W. C. Stevens to B. O. DePuy, Ypsilanti, \$900.

Geo. S. Wheeler et al. to Emory Leland et al., Salem, \$80.

Fred Rash to John Burg, Lima, \$3,000.

F. E. Howard and wife to Louis Rohde, Ann Arbor, \$10.

M. D. Mulligan et al. to Adolph Lentz, and wife, Ann Arbor, \$200.

Household Gods.

The ancient Greeks believed that the Penates were the gods who attended to the welfare and prosperity of the family. They were worshipped as household gods in every home. The household god of today is Dr. King's New Discovery. For consumption, coughs, colds and for all affections of throat, chest and lungs it is invaluable. It has been tried for a quarter of a century and is guaranteed to cure or money returned. No household should be without this good angel. It is pleasant to take and a safe and sure remedy for old and young. Free trial bottles at Glazier & Stinson's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25c per box for sale by Glazier & Stinson Druggists.

FOR SALE.—One "B Daylight" Kodak. Inquire at Standard Office.

## SHE MADE A GREAT MISTAKE.

Thought She Would Make Tom Happy, but Both Are Now Miserable.

Daughters' wealthy men who fall in love with their fathers' employees are not entirely restricted to novels. There is a Chicago merchant whose confidential man has for some time been a suitor for his daughter's hand. There is another departure from tradition in the fact that his love affair is not as violently opposed as it might be. He is a thoroughly capable and upright fellow, and his prospective father-in-law probably doesn't see why he wouldn't do just as well as a clubman or perhaps a nobleman for his daughter's husband. Of course the two lovers like to be as much as possible in each other's company and try all sorts of little schemes and inventions to bring this happy state of affairs about.

The other evening when the young man, whose familiar name is Tom, called at the home of his fiancée she was perfectly radiant.

"Oh, Tom, I have just the best piece of news to tell you!" she said to him.

"Indeed?" was his reply. "Tell it to me right away."

"I know you will be so glad I did it," she continued.

"Did what?"

"I'm going to tell you all about it. Papa said this morning that he was going to California, to be gone a month. He said I'd enjoy the scenery and the climate, and he thought there wasn't any trip that I'd like so much. Oh, he wanted me to go awfully bad, but I just thought that I wouldn't see you for a month, and so I took a stand. I must have made 50 excuses. Finally I told him that I'd promised to go to Cousin Maude's at Lake Geneva, and that I just couldn't break my promise, so at last he let me off. It was hard work, and I'm almost afraid I made him angry, but I knew you'd be so glad."

"Yes—um—of course," responded Tom.

"Well, you don't look half as glad as I thought you would."

"No—I—" he began.

"Then you're not glad," she said in a tone of mixed surprise and disappointment.

"Well, no, darling," he said. "You see, I'm to go with him."—Chicago Times-Herald.

A Toad as a Talisman.

The Western Morning News reports a remarkable case of superstition. A young woman in Penzance had suffered from fits, and she adopted a remedy which would be to most people almost as repulsive as the disease itself. She procured a live toad, placed it in a bag, hung it around her neck and carried it next her body. The woman was cured of her fits, but she was being medically attended at the Penzance infirmary at the same time. The woman believes, however, that this was a coincidence and that her strange talisman was the instrument of her cure.—South Wales News.

Bee's Brains.

The brain of the honeybee has recently been studied by Dr. Kenyon of Clark university more thoroughly, it is said, than ever before. It is thought that the source of a bee's power to adapt itself intelligently to its surroundings has been discovered in certain peculiar objects in its brain called the "mushroom bodies."

Matched.

"Here are a few letters I wish you would mail for me, dear," said Mrs. Tenspot to her husband, who was preparing to go out.

As Mr. Tenspot took them he glanced at the stamps and asked:

"My dear, why did you put 15 cent stamps on these letters? Two cent stamps would have carried them."

"I know it," replied Mrs. Tenspot, "but how would a red stamp look on envelopes of that lovely violet shade? This new stationery is of an exquisite color, and I could not think of spoiling its effect with stamps which did not harmonize. These purple 15 cent stamps are the nearest match the postoffice keeps."—Harper's Bazar.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the liver and kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or \$1.00 per bottle at Glazier & Stinson's drug store.

Girl wanted—Enquire of Mrs. H. S. Holmes.

For Sale—Two second hand Guitars. Call at Standard office.

FOR SALE—Baby carriage in good condition. Inquire at Standard office.

A few buggies left for which I will make low prices. C. STEINBACH.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

Insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Pay the printer.

## MILLINERY!

Come and see the beautiful new goods that we are showing. Prices right.

ELLA M. CRAIG.

OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

Notice.

To the Patrons of the Chelsea Water Works Company:

We are now prepared to obtain for our patrons, fire insurance in thoroughly reliable companies on dwellings, barns and contents, at a little less than half the ruling rates in Chelsea for the past five years.

Chelsea is now listed as one of the very best protected towns, by water works, as far as extended, in Michigan.

Yours for health, comfort and protection, Chelsea Water works Company.

By Its Record of remarkable cures Hood's Sarsaparilla has become the one true blood purifier prominently in the public eye. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. 25c.

Schedule of Teachers' Examinations.

The regular examinations for all grades will be held at Ann Arbor the third Thursday and Friday of August, 1897, and the last Thursday and Friday of March, 1898. Examinations for second and third grade at Ypsilanti the third Thursday and Friday of October, 1897, and at Ann Arbor the third Thursday and Friday of June, 1898. Special examinations for third grade only at Saline the third Friday of September, 1897.

W. N. LISTER, Commissioner.

WANTED—To exchange a few pairs of boots for wood. Jacob Mast.

THE WHOLE system feels the effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla—stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, nerves are strengthened and SUSTAINED.

ONE OF TWO WAYS.

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

CHIEF CAUSE.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder trouble. Do the work, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The error is easily made and may be easily avoided. To find out correctly, get your urine and/or twenty-four hours: a sediment or settling indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and the extraordinary effort of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail. Mention the Chelsea Standard and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Kingston, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this.

MY NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

Are now ready for inspection. Remember I have no clerks to pay and therefore can furnish you with Foot Wear at a lower price than my competitors. No trouble to show goods.

J. MAST.

RACKET STORE

Come and see what we are making a racket about.

More of that elegant table oil cloth. Whips, see what you can get for 18 and 25 Doyles..... 3, 10, 12, 15 and 20 Pocket knives..... 5, 10, 12 and 20 Children sets, knife, fork and spoon..... 25 Bread knives..... 10 Cuff buttons..... 10 Embroidery silks, skein..... 4 Ladies fleec lined hose..... 15 Ladies cotton hose..... 10 Childrens fleec lined hose..... 10 Thread, spool..... 3 Furses..... 5, 8, 10, 15, 20 and 25 Childrens hose supporters..... 10 Ladies hose supporters..... 15 Dolls..... 5, 10, 25, 50 and \$1.00 Childrens banks..... 5 and 10 Childrens flatirons and stands..... 10 Childrens dishes..... 10 Slates..... 3, 5, 8 and 10 Drapery cloth..... 10 Lamp shades..... 5 and 10 Tea and coffee pots..... 10, 25, 35, 45 and 75 Gem tins..... 10 and 15 Comb cases..... 5, 10 and 15 Brooms, good..... 13 Wash boards..... 13 Beautiful vases..... 25 and 30 Those thin glass tumblers..... 5 Heavy glass tumblers..... 3 Eggs taken in Exchange for Goods.

We thank you for past favors and invite you to call again.

H. E. JOHNSON.

## A Model Market

Is always clean and neat, has only the best of Meats; and orders taken there are accurately filled and promptly delivered. That is the condition of affairs at the New Meat Market which has been established by us. Shop first door south of R. S. Armstrong's drug store.

STRICTLY CASH.

Hines & Augustus.

An A. B. C. Lesson

For Grown People.

25 POUNDS n. o. GRANULATED SUGAR \$1.00

You probably learned the alphabet about the time you entered school, but, as all know, there are many lessons to learn in after life. Particularly the one of MAKING MONEY GO FARTHEST. One way to do that is by purchasing your Groceries of

JOHN FARRELL,

NICE FRESH SAGE.

WE Make the Millinery Business a Study. . . .

If you will call on us when you want your next

Hat or Bonnet

We feel sure you will wear what ever you get with a great deal of satisfaction. We study your style and aim to give you something becoming. The finest line of Winter Goods ever shown in Chelsea.

Our prices are right too.

MRS. J. W. SCHENK.

From This Time On

CASH

Will have to be paid for all meat purchased at my market. I sell the choicest cuts. Try some of my hamburg steak.

ADAM EPPLE.

Bone in the Dumps.

How did he get there? Once a vigorous prosperous business man. How did he get there? By getting in the dumps when his liver was lazy, losing his temper, losing his good sense, losing his business friends.

When You Feel Mean and Irritable

send at once for a box of Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the kind you need in your business, 10c, 25c, 50c, any drug store, or mailed for price. Write for booklet and free sample.

CANDY CATHARTIC

GURE CONSTIPATION

ADDRESS: STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL., NEW YORK, N. Y.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor on Thursday, the 12th day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of William Martin, deceased.

The administrator of said estate comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as said administrator. Thereupon, it is ordered, that Friday, the 19th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed; And it is further ordered, that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

F. J. Lehman, Probate Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor on Thursday, the 12th day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John P. Buss, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Allen Buss, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person. Thereupon, it is ordered, that Friday, the 19th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

F. J. Lehman, Probate Register.

FOR SALE.—One set of Chambers' Encyclopedia. Inquire at Standard office.

Subscribe for The Chelsea Standard.

## Real Estate!

If you want a really desirable building lot, or if you want a house that is already built, I can furnish you with it.

If you have any property that you want to sell, place it on my list.

B. PARKER

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the estate of Philip Gruner deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator with will annexed of the estate of said deceased, William H. Gruner, Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1897, tenaw, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1897, there will be sold at Public Vendue, in the east eleven chains; thence west along the south east quarter line to the north west corner of the south east quarter of said section; thence north along said quarter line twenty-two chains to the place of beginning, excepting and reserving from this last description ten acres in the north west corner thereof, being situated on the south east quarter of section four east, Twp. 36 N., R. 2 E., Range 4 East, East of Washtenaw County, Michigan.

John G. PARKER, Administrator with will annexed.

Two Millions a Year.

When people buy, try, and buy again, they mean they're satisfied. The people of the United States are now buying Cascarets Candy Cathartic at the rate of two million boxes a year and it will be three million boxes New Year's. It means more people that Cascarets are the most delightful laxative for everybody the year round.

druggists 10c, 25c, 50c a box, cure guaranteed.



## Local Brevities

Mrs. B. Arnold is very ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. S. Congdon.

New sidewalks have been built by B. Turnbull, Frank Nelson and Jacob Schumacher.

About sixty from this station took in the last excursion of the season to Detroit last Friday.

O. C. Burkhardt goes to Saline this week with 800 shropshire lambs which he has sold over there.

Rev. Frank Arnold of Ypsilanti will preach at the Baptist church next Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fuller are mourning the loss of their two months old child, who died Monday, November 15.

Thanksgiving services will be held at the M. E. church next Thursday at 10:30 a. m. Rev. J. S. Edmunds will preach the sermon.

Messrs. Hines and Augustus have opened their new meat market in the Klein building, and have a very neat shop. They have an advertisement in this issue of The Standard.

Thorndike & Schatz have received their new fixtures and have their barber shop fitted up in first-class shape and up-to-date in every respect.

The parties who were appearing on Canavanah Lake, Monday night, November 8th, are known. If the act is repeated again they will get their reward.

The Forty Hours Adoration will open in St. Mary's church, on Sunday, December 13. The exercises will be conducted by a distinguished Jesuit priest from Detroit.

Ed. Belssel brought us a bunch of seven strawberries which he had picked Sunday. He said that he had picked about a pint of the luscious fruit within the past two weeks.

We have not heard of any people in this vicinity who saw the wonderful shower of meteors Monday night. In fact it was impossible to see even a fixed star on that evening.

There will be a change of time card on the Michigan Central Railroad next Sunday. It is impossible for us to give the changes this week, but they will appear in the next issue.

Be sure and attend the meeting at the Town Hall Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of taking action on the matter of holding a farmer's institute at this place this winter.

Owing to the storm last Sunday, Rev. J. L. Nickerson postponed his "magnet" sermon until next Sunday morning. It is hoped that at that time all the children of the Sunday-school will be present.

Nearly every man has the collecting fever at least one time in his life. It may be coins, or it may be foreign stamps, but the disease is that which comes when he is vainly trying to collect money enough to pay his bills.

The semi-annual apportionment of primary school money has been made by State Superintendent of Public Instruction Hammond. Washtenaw county with its 11,655 children is entitled to \$10,489.50, the rate per capita being 90 cents.

The young men of this place met in the parlor of the Baptist church last Sunday afternoon and organized a Parliamentary Club. They will meet at the same place next Sunday afternoon and adopt a set of by-laws and elect officers. All of the young men of this place are invited to join.

Special services will be held at St. Mary's church, Chelsea, on Thanksgiving day by order of Bishop Foley. High mass will be celebrated by the pastor at 10 a. m. After mass, benediction of the Blessed Sacrament will be given, the Litany of All Saints and the prayer for the civil authorities will be recited, and the services will close by the entire congregation singing the Te Deum. Special music will be rendered.

The ladies of St. Mary's church, Chelsea, will serve an excellent Thanksgiving supper at the opera house on Wednesday evening, November 24, from six to eight o'clock. A fine musical program will follow the supper. Vocal and instrumental selections, patriotic and humorous recitations will be given. The following ladies and gentlemen will participate: The Arion quartette, the ladies' quartette composed of Mrs. L. T. Freeman, the Misses Townsend, Neuburger and Bachman, Miss Mary Dunn, the noted soprano from Detroit, Miss Margaret Hayes, a popular vocalist from Adrian, Mr. Louis Burg, Chelsea's sweet singer, the Misses Burg, Staffan, Clark and Conway and Messrs. Doll and Hindelang. The junior and senior choirs of St. Mary's church will also participate, and the entertainment will close with the singing of the national anthem, America. The public is cordially invited.

The first of the new Beatitudes according to an exchange reads as follows: "Blessed are they that scorn to borrow their neighbor's paper, but come into the sanctum and laying the price of a year's subscription on the desk, say in cheerful tones, 'Put me down on your list: I like your paper very much.' Yea verily, they are happier, their families are happier—such as they are entitled to a front seat next to the band.

Next week we want to have a column devoted to the whereabouts of our friends on Thanksgiving day. Therefore please let us know at once, 1st—If you spend the day at home and whom you expect to entertain; 2d—Where you expect to be entertained if not at home. Let us know as early as possible, as The Standard will be printed one day earlier than usual, so as to give the force a chance to properly observe the day.

The Lima Epworth League will give a "character" social at the town hall, Friday evening, November 26th. They will have a New England supper. Some of the characters to be represented are George and Martha Washington, Abraham Lincoln and wife, President McKinley, Grover Cleveland, Josiah and Samantha Allen, Uncle Sam, Tecumseh, a squaw, negro, Chinaman, etc. An old gypsy fortune teller will be present to tell you what the future will bring forth.

The market is now dull and inactive since the decline of the last two weeks. The tendency is still downward. Wheat brings 85c, rye 42c, barley 75c, oats 19c, clover seed \$2.75, onions 50c, potatoes 35c apples 50c, butter 17c, eggs 14c, chickens, 5c, turkeys 9c, ducks 6c, geese 5c. Arrivals are free and likely to continue so. Prices are generally good and it is many years since farmers took as much money for produce as they are now doing. It takes on an average \$1,500 to \$2,000 per day to pay for the produce of all kinds that is brought to this town.

The relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Young appeared at their residence three miles west of town, last Monday, armed with a large amount of good things to eat and with many valuable articles of crockery and glassware, to celebrate the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding day. It was a complete surprise to them but they soon realized the situation and abandoned usual duties for a day of pleasure and good cheer. Fifty sat down to a sumptuous dinner after congratulating Mr. and Mrs. Young. Toward evening all went home, feeling that a pleasant occasion had been enjoyed by all present.

Bills offering a reward of \$100 for the arrest of a fellow traveling under the name of Dr. H. Miller, alias Dr. Hartman and claiming to represent Dr. R. V. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., have been circulated. It seems that the man has been traveling about the country and obtaining money from the people by getting their money and then failing to deliver the medicine. It was suspected that he was working in this section of the country and last night Deputies Wood and Staffan succeeded in arresting him at Grass Lake, but not before he had swindled a Mrs. Welhoff of Sylvan out of \$20. He was brought to this place and is now stopping in the village jail. The fellow hired a livery rig of Deputy Staffan when he went on his last trip.

### Crop Report.

The average condition of wheat on November 1 was in the southern counties, 75; central, 88; northern, 108, and State, 82, comparison being with vitality and growth of average years. The condition in the southern counties, where eighty-five per cent of the crop is grown, is thirteen per cent lower than one year ago. The average condition in the state in previous years has been: 1896, 90; 1895, 78; 1894, 94; 1893, 89; 1892, 87, and 1891, 91.

The severe drouth prevailing at the date of the October report was not broken in the southern and central sections of the state until October 11. Light rains occurred on the 5th-8th, but not in sufficient amount to be of benefit. On the 11th and 12th storms occurred generally throughout the state, the rainfall being sufficient to afford relief. Since this storm wheat has made fairly good progress. On fields favorably situated it is looking well, but a large proportion of the fields are more than ordinarily spotted. This is particularly true of rolling fields, where the tops and sides of hills are practically bare. There was a second general rain on the 19th-22d, and a lighter one on the 31st. These rains have been of great immediate advantage, but heavy, soaking rains are yet needed to place the ground in usually wet condition at the opening of winter. The rains in August, September and October were more abundant in the northern counties and wheat there is in fine condition.

The estimates indicate that the area seeded to wheat this fall is six per cent greater than sowed in the fall of 1896. The estimated excess in the southern counties is four per cent, in the central six per cent and in the northern fifteen per cent. The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers since the October report was published is 1,962,968, and in the three months, August-September and October, 5,597,995. This is 2,198,821 bushels more than reported marketed in the same months last year.

The average yield of corn per acre in the state is estimated at 61 bushels of ears,

equal to about 80 bushels of shelled corn. The estimate for the southern counties is 60, central, 63, and northern, 61 bushels of ears. The average for the state is three bushels lower than made October 1. The area of clover seed harvested is large, at least much larger than in any year, and the estimated average yield higher than ever yet reported in the farm statistics. The yield in the state is estimated at 1.92 bushels. In the southern counties at 1.87, central, 2.16, and northern, 2 bushels per acre.

Potatoes are estimated to yield in the state 64 per cent of an average crop. The estimate for the southern counties is 60, central, 62, northern, 85, and upper peninsula 96 per cent.

Live stock is in good condition. The percentages are 96 for horses and cattle, 97 for sheep, and 98 for swine, comparison being with stock in good healthy and thrifty condition.

### County Roads in Michigan.

The county road system in Michigan can be adopted by a majority vote in any county. Five road commissioners are elected, none of whom can in any way be interested in any contract that may be entered into by the board. They have full power to lay out county roads; to change the width, direction or location of existing ones; purchase property;

uniting with adjacent counties in laying out and maintaining roads; adopt any road as a county road, except that in incorporated villages the consent of the village must be obtained. They can grade, drain, gravel, macadamize or improve in any way according to their judgment; construct and maintain culverts and bridges, but can contract no indebtedness in excess of the amount at their disposal in the hands of the county treasurer. A county may by vote bond itself for road purposes and is liable for damages growing out of their bad condition. The system was adopted by Chippewa county in 1894, bonds for \$100,000 issued, and in two years following nearly 160 miles of good roads were improved and built to the satisfaction of the people.—L. A. W. Bulletin and Good Roads.

### Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fuller wish to extend their heartfelt thanks to the friends who so kindly assisted them during the sickness and death of their darling child.

### Reduced Prices at Chelsea Mills.

Our Spot Cash Flour.....\$2.40  
Our Tip Top Buckwheat Flour.....2.00  
Our Stone Ground Buckwheat Flour 1.75  
Bran per ton.....\$11.00  
Get our contract prices for grinding feed by the ton.

## WE SELL TO SELL AGAIN.

### Has it Ever Occured to You.

That there must be a reason why we sell more Groceries than any other store in Chelsea?

You know that your enjoyment of life depends largely upon what you have to eat. Many a meal that would be fully enjoyed by you is spoiled because the supplies furnished the cook were not what they should be! There is no one thing that by being good or poor can so please or displease a good housewife more thoroughly than her Grocery supplies.

Every lady finds real satisfaction in pure, clean, fresh, wholesome table supplies. This is the true reason of our success. First class in every respect, when so represented. We have plenty of imitators, so far as talk is concerned, but precious few when goods themselves enter into the consideration.

### The Old Reliable No. 7 South Main Street

is the recognized standard of excellence for the entire Grocery trade of Chelsea and that accounts for the splendid demand for our goods.

We want to tell you again that we originated, control and sell **Jamori Coffee** the finest 25 cent coffee found in town. Try it. We have a delicious blended coffee at 20 cents per pound. A good one at 15 cents per pound, and a fair one at 12 cents, but for genuine goodness **Jamori** beats them all.

### Seal Brand and Mikado Teas

are the finest Japan Teas grown, 50 cents pound.

A good Tea at 25 cents pound.  
10 lbs Good Rolled Oats 25 cents.  
8 lbs Best Rolled Oats 25 cents.  
Good Crackers 5 cents pound.  
Best Crackers 6 cents pound.  
Carolina Head Rice.

Tapioa and Corn Meal, fresh and prices right.  
2 Packages Yeast 5 cents.

### Crockery, Lamps and Glass-ware, Fancy Plates and China Pieces

of all descriptions, at very attractive figures. New Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, all new and up-to-date.

### Choice Butter and Eggs and Full Cream Cheese

Fresh Limberg Cheese

## OYSTERS.

We have made special arrangements for Thanksgiving and are prepared to supply every body with the finest Oysters grown. We have N. Y. Counts, BIG FELLOWS for frying, and Extra Selects and Standards, all canned on the coast where they are produced and shipped direct to us while they are fresh and in prime condition.

### Jackson Bread and Fried Cakes.

Cream Bread and Rye Bread the kind you like.

### WE CUT THE BEST CHEESE.

## FREEMAN'S

## Careful Buying Makes Easy Selling.

We won't have mean, skimmed, ill-made stuff in our Store. We only buy what is good material, well-made, full measure. Just what it pretends to be. You can count on this always at our store. We are just as careful about the prices. We gain every advantage of Cash buying. You get the benefit.



We are making some extraordinary drives in Ladies'

### Capes, Cloaks and Jackets

at \$5.00 and \$7.50.

### OVERCOATS AND SUITS

at \$5.00 and \$7.50.

### SPECIAL DRIVES IN

### UNDERWEAR

for ladies at 25c. 35c. 50c. 65c. and 90 c.

### Gents Underwear

at 35c. 55c. 75c. and \$1.

## W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

## H. Y. P. M. F. C. P.

### EXPLANATION OF THE ABOVE

Have your Photos made for Christmas Presents. Now is the time to make your

### SITTINGS.

Don't wait until the last moment. We can't make our work in a hurry and give you a first class Job.

## LAVETTS' PATENT ENVELOPES

For mailing Photographs. Ask for them.

E. E. SHAVER, Photographer.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## LAMPS! LAMPS!

We have Banquet, Vase and Glass Lamps of all descriptions, and we have lots of new patterns in Crockery, Fancy China and Glassware. Stationery. Be sure and see

### OUR TEN CENT TABLES

IN THE CENTER OF

## BAZAAR STORE

More useful articles at this price than you ever saw before, also in the

### HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

We have Coal and Wood Stoves, Stove Boards, Oil Cloths and Bindings. Hocking Valley Corn Sheller all at Rock Bottom Prices.

## HOAG & HOLMES.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FURNITURE.



## THE AUTOGRAPH BOOK OF BLUE

She gave him her book to write in—  
Her autograph book of blue—  
And she said: "Write it straight, now,  
Tommy."  
And something nice and true,  
Stiffly and squarely he wrote a line  
For his queen with the eyes of blue—  
Proudly, and signed it, "Tommy"—  
"Maggie, I love you true."

A youth came from a college—  
A student grave and wise—  
He looked at the little old autograph book;  
He looked at her true blue eyes.  
And he scribbled, with cynical smiling,  
In the old, old book of blue,  
Of the folly of love, and signed it,  
"Thomas Reginald Hugh."

A man came from his labors,  
Learned in the school of years;  
Gazed at the little blue book, and dream-  
ed.  
And gazed, as he dreamed, through  
tears.  
Then he looked and saw her smiling,  
With tears in her eyes of blue.  
And he wrote and signed it, "Tommy"—  
"Maggie, I love you true."  
—Ladies' Home Journal.

## IN THE "WHITE HORSE" VAULTS.



AND I'd give a year's salary to lay hands on the impudent rogues." The chief constable of Wallburn was speaking to one of his subordinates, Inspector Miller.  
"So would I, sir," responded that official; "and I don't believe there's a member of the force who wouldn't give a trifle to scrape an acquaintance with this Flash Jim—or whatever the fellow's name is. However, we've nothing to work upon."

"But these," put in the chief, displaying a number of coins. "Really, Miller, this fellow is an artist—a king among snappers. These coins are as near the real thing as it's possible to make them, and I've not the slightest doubt that I should have accepted them myself if they'd been tendered to me."  
"Very possible, sir," went on Miller. "Mr. Markham, landlord of the White Horse, is as smart as most men, but he was bitten."

At that moment the magistrate entered the court house.  
"Well," whispered the chairman, leaning over the table to the chief constable, "have you heard anything?"  
"Several complaints this morning, sir. The rascal is still at work, but we have no clew as yet."  
"Confound the fellow," muttered the chairman. "He's making a laughing stock of the finest force in the provinces."

There was only one item on the charge sheet that morning, and the prisoner pleaded guilty to having been drunk and disorderly.  
"Ten shillings and costs or fourteen days," said the chairman, as soon as the constable had given evidence.  
A gentleman in clerical attire here stepped forward and explained, with a profound lisp, that he was the curate of St. Olave's, Westminster.

The prisoner, who was formerly one of his parishioners, had hitherto borne a blameless character, and to give him another chance in life, he (the curate) would pay the fine.  
Having done so, he bowed politely to the bench and led the protégé from the court.  
Half an hour later Inspector Miller hurried to the chief's room. In his excitement he forgot the respect due to his superior, and rapped out something very much like an oath.

"Miller!" ejaculated the chief constable.  
"I beg your pardon, sir," stammered the inspector, "but—that is—the curate."  
"Well?"  
"He slipped through our fingers, sir; can't be found anywhere."  
"What on earth do you want him for?" demanded the chief.  
"Beg pardon, sir, I forgot. He paid the fine in court this morning."  
"I know that, man. Is that a crime, or are you—?"  
"Well, here's the money, sir," blurted out the inspector, throwing down a number of coins on the table.

With grave doubts as to the other's sanity, the chief picked up one of the coins and examined it—then another, and another, until all had been inspected.  
"Spurious, every one of 'em!" he gasped, sinking into his chair.  
For some minutes neither of them spoke. The very audacity of the thing had taken their breaths away.  
Suddenly Miller jumped to his feet. He had a vague notion that he had seen the curate before.  
"Can I have a fortnight's leave, sir, and permission to take what I want from the police museum?" he asked.  
"Take what you like, Miller, but for goodness' sake let us have the last laugh on our side."  
The inspector promised to do his best, and shortly afterward he left his chief's presence.

a year or more he had been missing from his accustomed haunts—rumor said he had passed the time in jail—and it was only the other day that he turned up and claimed his corner in the bar of the "White Horse."  
"Aye, aye," chuckled the old toper as he waddled over to the bar for "another pen'orth o' Scotch;" "Drinkin' Dan ain't—(hic)—the biggest fool alive."

"Of course, not, Dan, you're only one of 'em," returned Markham, as he pocketed the twopence.  
The laugh was against Dan, and there was a dangerous gleam in the eyes of the half-witted wreck, as he lurched over to his old position in the corner.

About 5 o'clock on the following afternoon Dan staggered into the bar, a trifle more intoxicated than usual. The landlord, however, who was the sole occupant when Dan entered, served him with the usual "woppen'orth."  
The customer placed a half-crown piece on the counter, which the landlord—after giving the change—threw toward the till. It fell on the floor, and something in its sound roused Markham's suspicions.

Picking up the coin, he examined it closely, while Dan began to shuffle toward the door. Too late, however, Markham sprang over the counter, seized the other by the collar, and dragged him into a private room.  
"Where did you get that coin?" he hissed.  
"Lemme go," pleaded Dan, huskily.  
"Where did you get it?" repeated the other.  
"A gint give it to me," stammered Dan, "and—"

"It's a lie!" hissed Markham. "Come, out with the truth."  
"All right," responded Dan, desperately. "Let go my throat, will yer? I made it."  
"So you made it, did you? And where did you get the die?"  
"Stole it," growled Dan. "It once belonged to a fellow you knew—Hutton, the coiner."

"Hush, you crazy fool," hissed Markham. "Don't you know where you are?"  
Stepping softly to the door, the landlord locked it, then, producing a bottle from the cupboard—was it the sight of that bottle that brought the triumphant gleam into Dan's eyes?—he poured out a couple of glasses.  
"Come, Dan, here's to your health," said Markham. "It won't do for us to quarrel. I wasn't aware you knew—him."

"I knowed him twelve years ago," replied Dan, adding, with a keen glance at his companion, "an' I knows 'im now."  
Markham winced, and glanced uneasily toward the door.  
"Well," he demanded at length, "what do you want?"  
"Work," replied his companion.  
"And what about the dies?"  
"I'll bring 'em whenever you like."

Half an hour later Drinking Dan emerged from a side door and sham-bled off down the street.  
The "White Horse" was a money-making establishment, night and day. When "closing time" came round, and the last shilling had rolled into the capacious till behind the counter of the bar, business was resumed in the vaults.  
In the wee sma' hours of a November morning this particular branch of the business was in full swing, and profits were being literally coined.

Three or four ghastly figures flitted about in the semi-darkness. Silas Markham was engaged in earnest confab with his son—alias "Hutton the coiner," alias "Flash Jim," alias our old friend the curate—at the far end of the cellar, while Drinking Dan was busily engaged, near the heavily bolted door, in the manufacture of spurious florins.  
Suddenly the low but distinct mew of a cat reached the ears of the alert Dan.

Before the others were even aware of his intentions, the supposed drunkard sprang forward, shot back the bolt and faced around on the others with a revolver in each hand.  
"Trapped, by heaven," roared Markham—or, rather, Hutton, Sr.—as a posse of police with the chief constable of Wallburn at their head rushed in.  
The struggle was fierce but brief. The elder Hutton was soon overpowered; but his son, who had previously served a long term of imprisonment, for a similar offense, fought like a tiger. With his capture resistance was at an end, and the whole gang was secured.

"Tricked by a miserable gin-sodden drunkard," growled the elder Hutton, as the handcuffs clicked on his wrist.  
"You're wrong, my friend, if that's any consolation to you," said the individual referred to, stepping forward.  
"Inspector Miller, at your service—one of those men you valued at 'tuppence a dozen.'"  
The prisoner did not reply, but the inspector owed his life to the fact that glances are not deadly weapons.  
Shortly after the gang had been convicted Inspector Miller was promoted. At a little supper, organized in honor of the event, he was asked where and how he picked up his clew.  
"It was a piece of luck," he laughed. "Twelve years ago in the Assize Court at Westneath, when Hutton, the younger, was sentenced to ten years' penal servitude."  
"I shall never forget the prisoner's jaunty appearance on that occasion. He never turned a hair, and when the Judge passed sentence on him he received it with a low, sweeping bow that would have done infinite credit to a Parisian."  
"He repeated the bow exactly when, as the curate, he put in an appearance at Wallburn police court to pay that fine inflicted on a member of the gang."  
"It was only when seated in the chief's room, after we had been so badly sold, that I connected the two incidents, and recognized my man."

"Drinking Dan—who is, and has been for twelve months an inmate of the Wallburn workhouse—had been a member of the Hutton gang years ago, and from him I obtained all that I wanted to insure admission to the vaults of the 'White Horse,' and—well, you know the rest."—Casell's Saturday Journal.

## RECENT INVENTIONS.

There have recently been one or two unpleasant accidents in Venice through gondolas being cut down by the "pen-ny" steam launches.

In a new magazine camera the plates are placed in a row in a chamber opposite from the lens and held by a spring, each plate dropping down into a recess in the bottom of the camera after it is exposed.

An Illinois man has invented an attachment for guitars consisting of a frame to be screwed on the head with a number of padded bars set in it with keys to be depressed by the fingers and produce different chords.

To support pie crust so it will not fall while the pie is baking a new appliance consists of an inverted cup with a wide flange around the top on which the crust rests, with an outlet in the center for the escape of gases.

An automatic door for furnaces and locomotive boilers has a standard set on the end of a rod which runs through the floor and operates a lever to raise the door and swing it back whenever the standard is stepped on.

In a new winding mechanism for watches a set screw is placed in the two-part key to adjust the fractional contact so as to just overcome the tension of the mainspring until nearly wound, when the key slips, thus preventing over-winding.

Casks and barrels are automatically tilted in a new holding frame as they become nearly empty by weighted pivoted levers under the rear of the barrel, the weight of the contents being sufficient to counterbalance the weights until it is almost gone.

A Maryland man has invented a shirt with a detachable bosom, which is made double to fold through the center and form four wearing surfaces, so that as fast as one surface becomes soiled it can be replaced by another until the four are used.

An improved tie for horses or cows has a shield or apron stretched across a frame and fastened to the edge of the manger, the halter rope being secured to the outer edge of the apron frame to keep it tipped up while the animal is feeding and prevent waste.

An electric bath cabinet has been invented by a German which has wooden racks arranged at each side of the tub with electric connections to the racks and bars across the top so the body of the bather completes the circuit by touching the bars.

Two Frenchmen have invented a tandem attachment for single wheels, consisting of a supporting frame, to be attached to the rear shaft and saddle post, with a pair of oscillating pedal cranks, to be mounted on the rear shaft to push the front cranks forward in turn.

The shock of collisions between ships can be lessened by means of a new device, which consists of a number of cylinders having pistons set in them to extend out from the sides of the ship, with an air-cushion in the cylinder to act as a buffer when the blow is struck.

**Corduroy Road of Ancient Days.**  
Considerable interest has been occasioned among the people of that neighborhood, and particularly among geologists, by the discovery of a peculiarly constructed roadway in the Lake Shore Company's gravel pit at Amboy, seven miles east of Ashtabula, Ohio. The remarkable find has the appearance of having been a corduroy road, made of small cedar trees, and it was unearthed thirty-eight feet below the surface of the ground. The wood is in a perfect state of preservation. Over twenty feet of this road has been uncovered. It was laid on hard clay and was covered by a thick vein of gravel.

Professor Carl Wright, teacher of geology in Oberlin University, visited the gravel pit and secured pieces of the wood, which he examined. He gives it as his opinion that the wood had been where it was found since the glacial epoch, and that it has retained its natural condition several thousand years. A piece of a mastodon's tusk, two feet long, was unearthed. It is also perfectly preserved, the ivory being a natural color after the dirt was removed.

**Posters on Their Skulls.**  
Boulevard loungers in Paris were amused the other day when ten men, correctly garbed all exactly alike, walked into a cafe and gravely ordered drinks, for, as they removed their hats, each man had painted on his bald head one letter of a word, advertising a new dramatic sensation. They were arrested, however, for evading the law that requires sandwich men and posters to pay a tax of 62 francs, but they were discharged on promising to affix the necessary stamps to their skulls, a poll tax, as it were.—New York Mail and Express.

**A Bamboo Lighthouse.**  
A lighthouse of bamboo has just been built in Japan. It is said to have greater power of resisting the waves than any other kind of wood, and does not rot like ordinary wood.

There is always room at the top of Freemasonry, but one has to work up to it by degrees.

## TOPICS FOR FARMERS

### A DEPARTMENT PREPARED FOR OUR RURAL FRIENDS.

**Don't Attempt to Fatten Shoats in the Pasture—Give Milk Cows Good Care—Beans Are a Profitable Crop—Fowls Should Be Fed Slowly.**

**Fattening Shoats.**  
The shoats for butchering should be brought in out of the clover and woods pasture and put in the pens for fattening. It is a great waste of feed to try and fatten them in the pasture with the sows and pigs. Clean the pens out; then, if possible, give them a good coat of whitewash. Put four shoats into an eight-by-ten pen; this will give them plenty of room to exercise in, and also plenty of room at the trough. If they are lousy, pour a little coal oil down the back over the head and behind the ears, and down the legs. One good sprinkling and rubbing will answer. Give the shoats thick millfeed slop night and morning—all they will eat up clean, and no more. Then give a few ears of soft corn to each; commence with a little corn at first, but gradually increase the amount until they get all they will eat. At noon give cabbage leaves or boiled pumpkin and small potatoes. They should have a little hard coal to eat every second day. Bed with leaves, keep the pens clean and dry. A half peck of flaxseed meal added to each barrel of slop after the meal has been well scalded, will increase the fattening process. It is very nourishing. By four weeks of feeding the shoats will be fat enough to market. It is best to send them to market in a large covered wagon, instead of driving them on foot.—Exchange.

**Care of the Milk Cows.**  
When there is heavy frost on the grass, keep the milk cows in until the frost is dissolved by the sun. Young cattle and cows that are left out at night should have a rough shed built for them to go under at night and when the weather is stormy. A roof made of poles and covered with two feet of straw will answer. If the pasture is abundant, the young stock may be left out until after Thanksgiving. After two or more hard frosts, there is not much substance in the pasture; the cows should be grain-fed night and morning, and at night give to each one an armful of corn fodder. An excellent grain ration for large cows in milk is eight quarts of bran, four quarts of corn chop and one quart of linseed meal. Divide into two feeds and give half in the morning and the remainder at night. During mild weather mix this feed with cold water; when the weather becomes cold mix with warm water, and add one tablespoonful of salt daily.—Baltimore American.

**Beans a Profitable Crop.**  
Beans are a profitable crop, as much so as any raised; almost every farm has land well adapted to bean culture. I have raised beans on a small scale, and found them very profitable. They have not proved very difficult to grow than most other crops, and were readily sold to private customers at ten cents per quart. In harvesting they will not bear much delay; a wet spell will spoil many. They should be treated to the fumes of carbon, as the weevil is apt to destroy them. Peas, green or marrowfat, may also be made a special crop, as large quantities are consumed in all cities, and but very little produced near some. Few farmers raise what they themselves use, preferring to buy, yet retail dealers pay \$1 per bushel. This season I have been very successful with a novelty in the bean line; it is New Kidney Wax; beans are pure white and firm; the stalks hold up from the ground well while young; pods are of a rich golden yellow, buttery flavor and a novelty of decided merit. I also raised the Lazy Wife; these are very nice. I salted a half barrel down. They are also white and firm when ripe, and are equally useful as a snap, shell or soup bean. For dry peas for winter, I like the Earliest of All, a smooth pea; it cooks done when dry in half an hour, and has a pleasant flavor. I have never had any to sell, but could have sold five or six bushels at home. As a green pea, they are profitable, as they are so very early, bear well and ripen even. The ground can be cleared for some other crop.—Farm and Home.

**Apple Trees by Roadsides.**  
The owner of land through which a highway runs is also the owner of the land, and is entitled to make any use of it that will not interfere with the right of the public to travel on it. It is not generally practicable for farmers to crop land beside the road, though sometimes a patch of corn or potatoes beside a road not much used will give such land can be put to use to plant it with apple trees or other fruit trees, protecting the young trees while small from attacks of wandering stock. Isolated trees, planted where they have plenty of room to spread and plenty of sunlight, often yield more fruit than do apple trees in closely planted orchards.

**Feed Fowls Slowly.**  
One of the difficulties in feeding fowls is that, as given by the poulterer, the food is in a mass and can be gobbled down far too quickly. In its natural state, the fowl hunting for food is obliged to eat slowly, one grain at a time. Usually, after each mouthful, the hen is obliged to scratch for more. So ingrained is this instinct that a hen with chickens will scratch and cluck when she comes to a pile of grain. One of the reasons why corn is a bad feed for fowls is that the grain is large, and it shelled and thrown out by handfuls, the fowls eat it much too fast for their good. The true way to feed hens is to mix their grain with chaff or straw, so

that they must scratch for it. If covered with mellow earth, it will be still better, as the dust thus raised will rid the fowls of vermin.

**Chestnut Trees Profitable.**  
Those who have a chestnut grove and keep it free from depredators may find it a source of profit. We know of one or two such groves which are only natural fruit, but which yield returns with no labor except for gathering the nuts better than could be got for usual farm crops. But to secure profitable returns the public must be excluded. Men and boys who climb the trees while the nuts are green to bring them down will disfigure and injure the trees, so that after a few years the trees will yield little or nothing. Chestnut trees, if the fruit is of good quality, are valuable property, and their fruit should be protected. There are several improved varieties of chestnut, some of which will begin bearing when three years old. These should be chosen if new plantations of chestnuts are to be made, or scions of the new varieties should be grafted onto native stock.

**Foot Rot in Sheep.**  
Sheep naturally thrive best on dry uplands. On wet grounds, or in a wet summer, their feet treading wet grass and soil become soft and easily bruised. This, if not cared for, will develop into foot rot. It is used to be the practice of good shepherds to dress their sheep two or three times during the summer, by applying blue vitriol to those of them whose feet were in any way sore. This was done long before the doctors had begun to talk learnedly about microbes and germs. It is known now that foot rot is a germ disease, and blue vitriol, which is a sulphate of copper, is one of the best germicides known. It is a curious fact that the practical cure of foot rot was discovered through experiments made by farmers long before the scientists had found out what caused the disease, or could devise any theory whereby it might be cured.

**Relative Cost of Beef and Butter.**  
Prof. T. L. Hacker of the Minnesota experiment station has been testing the comparative cost of making beef and butter. So he fed four steers along with his herd of cows, giving them, however, a ration for making beef, while to the cows was given the feed appropriate for milk and butter production. After six weeks feeding he figured the cost of the butter at three cents per pound, while the beef was 34-10 cents per pound, as nearly as he could estimate it from live weight. It is fairly to be presumed that in the cost of butter the labor required to make it was not estimated. It is probable also that the cows experimented on were in full flow of milk, and therefore could, for a short time, produce butter at very low rates. But the animal has to be kept twelve months with much less product of milk, in order to enable it to make this low record.

**Care of Seed Corn.**  
Probably no better place for the braids of corn saved in the ear for next spring's seeding can be found than to hang them beside the chimney, where the heat from the stove or fireplace will protect them from freezing until fully dry. About as good a place as this, and some think better, is in the smoke house, where the hams and bacon are cured. But in either case the braids should be visited often to see that nothing gets at them. The squirrel is the worst enemy of sweet corn, because he only digs out the chit or germ of the very soundest and best corn. He will leave an entire corn cob full of corn more or less damp, and feast on that which has been thoroughly dried for seed. The germ of sound, dry corn has a flavor much like a nut, and it is very nutritious.

**Test New Varieties.**  
Every season the farmers receive solicitations or temptations to purchase seeds or plants of some new variety, and yet if they will read the circulars and descriptions, as well as the claims, in favor of the new varieties of the past, they will find wonderful claims in favor of some that are barely recognized now. This is because something better comes every season (though some new varieties are worthless), but the production and quality of all kinds of fruit have been improved by the introduction every year of new candidates for favor. No farmer or fruit grower should accept the claims in favor of a new tree or vine, but should test it himself by procuring only one or two for that purpose.

**Linseed vs. Cottonseed Meal.**  
Both flax and linseed meal are now so cheap that there is no reason why cottonseed meal should be brought North to feed. No young animals nor hogs of any age should be fed cottonseed meal. It is very difficult of digestion. The loss of animals killed by cottonseed meal more than counterbalances the gain from feeding it where it does not prove injurious. Of course linseed meal must be fed in small quantities, but it is not so dangerous for young stock as cottonseed meal, which for calves and pigs is often fatal in very small doses.

**Warm Stalls for Cows.**  
Take two cows and give one a warm stall, with clean bedding, allowing the other a stall in which there is a crack in the wall, which lets the wind come through. The cow that is comfortable and warm will give more milk than the other, because she has warmth in her favor.

**Burn Field Refuse.**  
Wheat stubble and refuse may be the harboring places of chinch bugs and other enemies. As soon as it can be done rake up all refuse and fire the pile. The fall of the year is a good time to fight the enemies that do the most damage in spring and summer.

## COUNT OF FLANDERS ROBBED

**His Palace Burglarized Regularly Once in Twelve Months.**  
The palace of the Count of Flanders, only brother of King Leopold of Belgium and next heir to the throne, has been more than once subjected to a burglary, the latest being the fifth visitation of the same kind, the mysterious robbers having paid their respects in this fashion to his royal highness, who is one of the wealthiest princes of the blood in Europe, regularly once every twelve months during the last five years.

There is something distinctly uncanny about these robberies, not only because the palace is so exceptionally well guarded, but also because the thieves seem to be thoroughly well acquainted with the whereabouts of the various valuables, and have managed always to get away with their booty without leaving any trace of their identity. The first time they stole half of the superb jewels of the Countess of Flanders, who is a sister of King Charles of Roumania; the second time they got away with the major portion of the gold and silver plate of the count; the third time they took away the remainder of the plate, while in the fourth year they again rifled the jewel casket of the countess.

Last year they got away with some valuable papers, stocks, etc., while this year it is not the count or countess who is the sufferer, but the lady in waiting of the latter, the Baroness de Lefken, who has lost all her jewels and a number of government bonds.

It must be borne in mind that the palace at Brussels of the Count of Flanders is patrolled on every side by military sentinels, as well as by uniformed Brussels policemen, several of whom are stationed at every entrance and exit. Moreover, there are several detectives on duty, just as at every royal palace, while the count has likewise engaged several private detectives to keep watch on his palace in consequence of the repeated robberies.

The latter have had the effect of putting the Brussels police more than ever on the qui vive, and that the thefts should go on without interruption is as inexplicable and mysterious as it is astounding. It may be added that all the servants employed by the count and countess are old retainers, and until now above suspicion.—New Orleans Picayune.

**Parisian Thievery.**  
There have been several sensational thefts in Paris lately among the wealthier families in the fashionable quarter. The detectives have discovered that these were committed by a gang of burglars and sneak thieves who operate in evening dress. They obtain admission to fashionable gatherings and mingle with the guests, helping themselves as occasion offers to silver plate and articles of bric-a-brac. They often conceal themselves until the guests have departed and the family have gone to bed, when they visit the dressing room of the hostess and walk off with her jewels and any other valuables they can find. One of these burglars, who was discovered in the house of a banker after the guests had departed, pretended to be intoxicated and explained that he had been overcome by sleep. Another, who tried to steal several valuable presents at a recent wedding, was arrested by a policeman who had been placed on guard in evening dress. The thief gave a Russian name and was found to occupy elegant bachelor's apartments in a fashionable quarter. Among other assets he had a complete set of burglars' tools and a list of evening entertainments, which he had evidently copied out of the newspapers.

An American lady lost her purse the other day. The next morning she received by mail several samples of silk, her card to a circulating library, a memorandum of dressmaker's addresses and several other articles that had been in her purse. They were inclosed with a note, which read as follows:

"Dear Madame: I return all of the contents of the purse which you lost yesterday with the exception of 15 francs, which I need more than you, and I hope you will pardon a poor devil for keeping the purse to carry it in."

The note was written in excellent French and with good penmanship, which indicated that the thief was an educated man.

**Value of Cottonseed Waste.**  
"Cottonseed waste, which a generation ago accumulated at the gin-house, filled up the streams, rotted in the fields, and became an irritating nuisance, is now worth about thirty million dollars a year," writes William George Jordan in "Wonders of the World's Waste," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "Every bale of cotton leaves a legacy of half a ton of seed, which, it is said, brings the planter nearly as much as his cotton. The oil is used for finer grades of soap, as a substitute for lard, and is so near olive oil that an expert can hardly detect the difference. The hulls are fed to cattle, make an excellent fuel, are valuable as paper stock, and when burned the ashes make a fertilizer which is most efficacious. It has recently been discovered that cottonseed oil, with the addition of 18 per cent. of crude kerosene, makes an imitation which cannot be distinguished from genuine rubber."

**A Lost Necessity.**  
On a telegraph pole in the suburbs of a New England village was tacked this notice: "Lost—Between here and the postoffice, a real lady's hair string black mixt with grey with shoe string tide around one end the above white please return to the postmaster and give fifty cents with thanks of owner who needs it badly, and will be thankful for the kindness of any lady or gent who will return what cannot be of no use to them, but which is a necessity to her."—Harper's Bazar.



**Merit Means Money Made.**  
You cannot advertise money out of people's pockets all the time; you may do it now and then, but if you don't give them something of absolute merit in return, advertising will never prove successful. The kind of advertising that pays is advertising a good thing. As it has merit the people will use it again and again. Never has this been better illustrated than in the great success of Cascarets, candy cathartics, that we have been lately advertising in this paper. All druggists call Cascarets repeaters, that is, people buy them, like them, and buy them again and recommend them to their friends. Cascarets are guaranteed to cure constipation or money refunded, and are a delightful laxative and liver stimulant; the best medicine ever made. We recommend all our readers to try them.

**Baby Hadn't Been Out.**  
The other day a little girl, cloaked and bonneted, entered her mother's presence and with a roguish smile, said: "Mamma, you can't tell me why it is I haven't got on my overboots." The mother gave one glance at the unprotected feet and promptly went off on a tangent. "Ethel, you don't mean to say—oh, Ethel, how could you, and the grass so wet. I've told you so often, dear, never to go out without them after the rain. What made you leave them off?" The little girl surveyed her mother calmly. She seemed well satisfied at having worked her up to such a pitch. "Why didn't you put them on?" insisted the mother. Then came the answer: "Tance I haven't been out."—Kansas City Times.

**Lane's Family Medicine.**  
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

The true strength of every human soul is to be dependent on as many nobler as it can discern, and to be dependent upon by as many inferior as it can reach.

**Many Varieties in Mushrooms.**  
In each season when mushrooms, which are taking each year a firmer hold on the taste of the general public, are found most abundantly, it is well for the timid lover of this article of diet to remember that there are over 300 species that have been thoroughly tested by mycophagists and found to be entirely harmless. The fine books now published on this subject, with colored plates, where the growing fungi are exactly reproduced, give the most wary an opportunity to discover for themselves whether the specimens they may have gathered during a country ramble are safe to use. There are several varieties of mushrooms which, while gastronomically disturbing, will not prove fatal. In fact, there is now thought to be but one variety that is sure death. And even for this—the deadly amanita—an antidote is said to lie in atrophine. This is an equally deadly poison given in one-sixtieth of a grain doses in hypodermic injections. —New York Evening Post.

**A Valuable Franchise Secured.**  
The franchise of easy digestion—one of the most valuable in the gift of medical science—can be secured by any person wise enough to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, either at maturity, bilious, rheumatic and fever and ague sufferers, persons troubled with nervousness and the constipated, should also secure the health franchise by the same means.

**Her Pointer.**  
They were driving along a lonely road and both had been engaged in deep thought for several moments. Finally she asked: "Why don't you sell this horse and get another?" "This is a very valuable animal," he replied, "and has trotted a mile in less than 2:15." "Oh, I suppose he is very valuable, but I should think you would rather have a horse that was not so full of life." "Surely you are not afraid? I have him under perfect control. There is no cause to feel the least alarm." "I'm not alarmed at all. I suppose you can control the beast all right, but I should think you would want a horse that you could drive with one hand some of the time." The next day he traded his beautiful horse for a "cow," and the maiden never had cause for complaint again. —Cleveland Leader.

**Ringling Noises**  
Troubled for Years with Catarrh, but Now Entirely Cured.  
"I was troubled for years with catarrh, which caused ringing noises in my ears and pains in the back of my head. I was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so and a few bottles entirely cured me." HENRY M'KIRRYHER, Laporte, Iowa.  
Get only Hood's because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.  
Hood's Pills are in every drug store.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
The best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.  
Hood's Pills are in every drug store.

**TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER**  
WILL KEEP YOU DRY.  
Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. It is for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

**WINCHESTER GUN**  
CALIBRE FREE  
SEND YOUR NAME ON A POSTAL CARD AND WE WILL SEND YOU OUR 136 PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE  
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.  
100 N. WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

**AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.**  
WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA" AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" AS OUR TRADE MARK.  
I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on every bottle of the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought *Chas. H. Fletcher* on the and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.  
March 8, 1897: *Samuel Pitcher, D.*  
**Do Not Be Deceived.**  
Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.  
"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF *Chas. H. Fletcher*  
Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.  
"Forbid a Fool a Thing and That He Will Do."  
Don't Use **SAPOLIO**

**IN HONOR OF LOVEJOY**  
HANDSOME MONUMENT TO THE FREE SPEECH MARTYR.  
Formal Dedication in Alton, Ill., to Witnessed by Many Visitors—Story of the Killing of the Great Abolitionist—Durrant Is Doomed.  
Shaft to a Hero.  
The Elijah P. Lovejoy monument, recently built at Grand View Cemetery, in Alton, Ill., was formally dedicated Monday. The dedication was first to occur in June, but an accident to the monument while in course of construction necessitated a postponement, and it was decided by the committee in charge to dedicate the structure on the anniversary of the killing of Lovejoy. It was on Nov. 7, 1837, that a mob, angered by the abolition editorials appearing in Lovejoy's weekly paper, the Alton Observer, came across the river from Missouri and besieged the editor and his friends in Godfrey & Gilman's warehouse, where they had taken refuge. The doors and shutters were strong and the mob was unable to gain admission. The infuriated men sought to dislodge the Lovejoy party by throwing burning brands upon the roof. Lovejoy climbed from the window twice and snatched the brands, receiving a bullet wound the second time from which he died shortly after rejoining his friends.  
Through the efforts of the late Senator C. A. Herb of Alton an appropriation of \$25,000 was made by the State Senate, but Gov. Altgeld refused to sign the bill till the citizens of Alton had raised \$12,000 by popular subscription. The Lovejoy Monument Association was then organized, and succeeded in raising about half that amount. The Governor then allowed the appropriation to pass into the hands of the association. Plans and specifications were immediately drawn up, the work was started and was pushed to completion in a short time. The monument cost \$30,000. The architect was Louis Mulgrud of St. Louis, and the sculptor Robert Brinkhurst of St. Louis. The first speaker on the program at the dedication was Thomas Dimmock of St. Louis. Lieut. Gov. Dimmock is better acquainted with the story of Lovejoy than any other living man, having been a resident of Alton at the time and an intimate friend of the family.  
Dr. Wilkerson, a colored divine of Upper Alton, representing the colored people, made a speech. Lieut. Gov. Northcott delivered an address and a choir consisting of the different singing societies of the city furnished music for the occasion, accompanied by the White Hussar band. John W. Harned of Greenville, Ill., who was an eye-witness of the death of Lovejoy, was present at the dedicatory exercises.

**TO AID ICE-BOUND MEN.**  
Movement to Send the Cutter Bear to Point Barrow.  
There was a conference at the White House in Washington Monday, attended by Secretaries Gage, Long and Alger, Commodore Melville and Commander Dickens of the navy and Capt. Shoemaker, commander of the revenue marine service, to consider measures for the relief of the American whaling fleet said to be icebound in Bering sea. It was decided to send the revenue cutter Bear to the relief of the whalers. She is now at Seattle, Wash., having just arrived from Alaska. Orders have been issued to put her in commission for the voyage at once, and Capt. Shoemaker says she will be ready to sail as soon as she can be provisioned, which will take but a short time.

**DURRANT'S FATE IS SEALED.**  
California Murderer Must Suffer the Death Penalty.  
The United States Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court for the California district, refusing a writ of habeas corpus to William Henry Theodore Durrant, under sentence of death for the murder of Miss Blanche Lamont in San Francisco in April, 1895. The case has attracted attention throughout the whole of the United States and this decision permits the law to take its course with the condemned man. Chief Justice Fuller announced the court's conclusion, but made no remarks in doing so, save to cite a few authorities on which the court based its decision.  
The Staniland, Merkle & Staniland Marble Works Company of Dayton, O., has made an assignment. Assets, \$23,000; liabilities, \$25,000. Health Officer C. A. Bonner, who is a stockholder, demanded a financial statement and received instead the president's resignation. An assignment followed.  
A wolf was killed on one of the principal residence streets of Little Rock, Ark., just as it was about to attack a party of children playing on Arch street. The animal, emboldened by hunger, had come out of the swamps south of the city.

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A wolf was killed on one of the principal residence streets of Little Rock, Ark., just as it was about to attack a party of children playing on Arch street. The animal, emboldened by hunger, had come out of the swamps south of the city.

**A Telling Illustration.**  
The round, good-natured face of a popular priest was seen in the midst of a small group of laughing men in the rotunda of a Columbus, Ohio, hotel one day last week. His reverence was telling a new batch of stories for the collection of which he is famous. One of these concerned a brother who was sent last fall into the coke regions of Pennsylvania, where a number of foreigners were said to be sadly in need of his spiritual guidance. He found them singularly unresponsive and none of his fervid eloquence appeared to move his hearers or to make the slightest impression on them. At length he saw that he would have to increase his vehemence and exaggerate his figure of speech. He was describing hell, and he reached his climax by these words: "You men have no idea of the tortures of hell. It is hotter than can be described by mortal man. You may have some time put your hand in a pall of boiling water and know how hot that is. It is 212 degrees, as science measures it. You have all looked into the blazing cokeovens. There is a fire which cracks the skin and sears the eyeballs. That is 3,000 degrees in intensity. But, my friends, that coke oven fire is nothing compared with hell. Three thousand degrees! Why, 3,000 degrees is only ice cream for those devils down there!" This proved a clincher. The coke workers saw that hell was something to be avoided and that the good father could help them to do so.

**A Sensation.**  
That the world is coming to an end suddenly at a given time is not what is here referred to. There are different kinds of sensations, as very many people know who feel sharp twinges of pain in the big nerve of the thigh. Sciatica is a very painful sensation, and the torment of it makes one think something is come to an end. But just at the first sensation or twinge is the best time to use St. Jacobs Oil. The less pain the more easily it is cured, and the Oil prevents its development by soothing the nerve. At any stage it will cure.

**A Plan that Failed.**  
"I don't like that man Parker's way. He is always so positive about everything. These positive people are very disagreeable—never give other people credit for having any sense at all." "Why don't you just bring proofs some time when he is so positive and show him where he is in error. A few doses of that kind will cure him." "I've tried it." "Well, didn't it have any effect?" "No; made him worse. You see, it always turned out that he was right, after all."—Cleveland Leader.

**Then Sleep Soundly.**  
You can't afford to lie awake o' nights. Nothing compensates for loss of sleep. Eight hours of good sleep every night is what you need if you hope to keep healthy nerves in your body and a clear head on your shoulders. Yet you cannot get rest enough while you persist in drinking coffee. No habitual coffee drinker can depend on his sleep. Why not break off the coffee habit and drink Grain-O in place of it? Grain-O is made from pure grains, has the rich seal brown color of Mocha or Java, is nourishing and palatable—a food drink—without any of the noxious properties of coffee. Having used it a short time you will prefer it to the best coffee that was ever set on your table. Two points gained—health promoted, money saved. All grocers. In packages at 15c. and 25c.

**Democracy Undeified.**  
"Everybody seems to be on an equality in Klondike," said the shoe clerk boarder. "Yes," said the cheerful idiot, "one man can cut as much ice as another up there."—Indianapolis Journal.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

**We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.**  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

**To the average eye not more than 5,000 stars are visible; some persons having extraordinarily strong eyes can see about 8,000 stars; through the Lick telescope and other powerful instruments about 50,000,000 stars are visible.**

**Coughing Leads to Consumption.**  
Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

**Gold was first discovered in Colorado in 1858, and since then the State has produced \$330,000,000 in gold and silver. Out of fifty-six counties of the State twenty-six are gold producers.**

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

**Since time is not a person we can overtake when he is past, let us honor him with cheerfulness of heart while he is passing.**  
I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, '95.

**Lots of men love women in spite of their faults, and a few women love men in spite of their virtues.**

**Fair fashionables patronize the new and beautiful "Hills" and "Whisper" Dye, black or brown, 50c.**

**Some men's stories ought to be quarantined.**

**PTA's Recently Cured.** No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE 64-page trial bottle and treatise. Dr. H. K. ALLEN, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Syrup for Children** cures all the sore throats, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

**War with Spain.**  
A vivid picture of the stirring scenes which would follow a declaration of war with European Powers is given under the head "A Brief History of Our Late War with Spain" in the November Cosmopolitan. The writer has undertaken to apply the knowledge gained from the late war to the conditions prevailing to-day, with modern ideas of bigness and modern methods of organization. He assigns posts in the war to prominent men now before the public, and touches as well upon the political, mechanical and financial problems involved. November Cosmopolitan, price 10 cents.

**To Grocers.**  
We have direct proof that peddlers of washing-powders say that the stuff they're selling is "made in the same factory" as Pearlina—and that buying from them will save going to, or ordering from, the grocery store. Do you want people "saved" that. You have these same washing-powders in stock. Possibly you are giving them out whenever you can, in place of Pearlina. You are trying to push them into notice; they are trying to crowd you out. You think you are "making more money on them." But will it pay you, in the end?  
**Send it Back.** Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina." IT'S FALSE—Pearlina is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearlina, be honest—send it back.  
JAMES PYLE, New York.

**CURE YOURSELF!**  
Use Ripans Tablets for constipation, indigestion, irritations or ulcerations of the bowels, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, pain, and not astringent, emetic or poison. Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, 75c. or 2 bottles, \$1.25. Circular sent on request.


**PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION**  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

**There is no long waiting for help if Ripans Tablets are taken for dyspepsia and headache. Relief comes quickly. One Tabule (about the size of a small button) will relieve distress in the stomach within fifteen minutes and the headache will shortly disappear. There was an industrious, hard-working woman of Cooperstown, N. Y., some sixty years of age, who for a long time had suffered greatly from dyspepsia and dreadful headaches. Her stomach tormented her so that she could hardly work at all, and, although she had tried all sorts of things, she got no relief. A friend sent her some Ripans Tablets and she felt better as soon as she took the first one. She felt more like working. "I have continued with the Tablets ever since," she says, "and they always help me."**

**A new style pocket containing TEN RIPANS TABLETS in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—50c. per carton. This low price is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the present cartons (75c. each) can be had by mail by sending forty cents, plus the expense of postage. No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (50c. each) will be sent for five cents.**

**C. N. U. No. 47-97**  
When writing to advertisers please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.





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Does not always mean comfort, satisfaction and enjoyment of life. There is always the danger of falling off. To stay up needs confidence, bred from constant vigorous health. As soon as you get to wobbling take . . .

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makes your liver lively, and pure blood pulsing through your veins, keep your bowels open, lift the strain from your brain, and stay on the "high horse." Buy a box to-day at the nearest drug store, 10c, 25c, or 50c, or mailed for price. Write for booklet and free sample.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
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In the new Babcock Building Main street.  
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DENTIST  
All kinds of dental work done in a careful and thorough manner.  
Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anesthetic used in extracting.  
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Veterinary Surgeon  
Treats all diseases of domestic animals. Special attention given to lame legs and horse dentistry. Office and residence on Park street across from M. E. church, Chelsea, Mich.

**"THE WHITE IS KING."**  
Buy a White Sewing Machine. All kinds of Sewing Machines Repaired.  
**HENRY S. COLYER,**  
CHICAGO, ILL. AGENT.

**FIRE AND TORNADO**  
**INSURANCE.**  
**TurnBull & Hatch.**

**OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F. & A. M.**  
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M. for 1897.  
Jan. 12, Feb. 16, March 16, April 13, May 11, June 8, July 13, Aug. 10, Sept. 7, Oct. 5, Nov. 2. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 7th.  
J. D. SCHWARTZMAN, Sec.

**R. P. CARPENTER, W. R. C. NO. 210,**  
meets the Second and Fourth Friday in each month. The Second Friday at 2:30 p. m. The Fourth Friday at 7:30 p. m.  
R. M. WILKINSON, Secretary.

**FINE** If you are in need of Printing of any kind call at the Standard Steam Printing House, Chelsea, Mich. Bill Heads, Note Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Re-Visiting Cards, Programs, Statements, Dodgers, Business Cards, Auction Bids, Horse Bills, Pamphlets, Etc.

**Friends of The Standard,** who have business at the Probate Court, will please request Judge Newkirk to send their Printing to this office.

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL**

"The Niagara Falls Route."  
Time Card, taking effect, July 4, 1897.

**TRAINS EAST:**  
No. 6—Detroit Night Express 5:20 a. m.  
No. 36—Atlantic Express 7:00 a. m.  
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.  
No. 4—Express and Mail 8:15 p. m.

**TRAINS WEST:**  
No. 2—Express and Mail 10:00 a. m.  
No. 18—Grand Rapids 6:30 p. m.  
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.  
O. W. ROGERS, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.  
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent.

**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**  
If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or \$1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Specimen copies and LEAD BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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361 Broadway, New York.

**We Cannot Please Everyone,**

But we do please 95 per cent of the people who give us their laundry work to do. You might be one who can't get pleased elsewhere. Let us serve you. Our process is not a secret one. We use only soap, water, starch, muscle and brains.

**Chelsea Steam Laundry**

**WANTED!**

At the Ann Arbor Central Mills Oats, Corn, Barley, Buckwheat, and Beans. Of wheat we buy all grades, damp and musty wheat as well as the sound grain.

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**GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES**  
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If you need a Heater, why not get the best, the genuine

**ROUND OAK**

It costs not a cent more than a poor imitation. We sell the

**GARLAND STOVES**  
the worlds best at lowest prices. Remember us on  
**FURNITURE**  
Prices always the lowest.  
**W. J. KNAPP.**

**Beauty Is Blood Deep.**  
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

**Rudy's Pile Suppository**  
Is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation, or money refunded. 50c per box. Send for circular and sample to Martin Rudy, registered pharmacist, Lancaster, Pa. For sale by all first-class druggists everywhere, and in Chelsea, Mich., by Glazier & Stinson and Dr. R. S. Armstrong.

## Suburban Rumors

UNADILLA.

Mrs. Flora Watson spent the latter part of the week at Detroit.

There will be a donation at the Presbyterian hall, Wednesday evening, November 17, for the benefit of Rev. Dunning.

Married, at Ypsilanti, Wednesday, Mr. Albert Watson and Miss Mima Pyper. Alex Pyper and Miss Kittle Livermore of this place and John Watson and Miss Jean Pyper of Chelsea accompanied them. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Watson went to Detroit. They returned here Saturday where they will make their future home.

WATERLOO.

B. J. Howlett is spending the week with his parents here.

George Renchlar moved in Thomas Collins' tenant house Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hubbard of Detroit spent the past week with relatives here.

John Hubbard returned from South Lyon, Tuesday where he has been working for the past five weeks.

Mrs. Beeman (and Mrs. Dean are in Ingham county attending the marriage of Mrs. Beeman's grand-daughter.

Quite a number from around here attended the Isabel and Beeman wedding near Stockbridge, Wednesday.

Rev. Wenk began German school Monday, Victor Moeckel, Carl Koeltz, and Martha Groshans are attending, from the village school.

SYLVAN.

Charles Young spent Sunday at Jackson.

Born, November 12 to Frank Young and wife, a daughter.

Chris and Adolph Boos are spending this week at their old home.

The Christian Union will hold service at the church Thanksgiving evening.

Sylvan post office has changed hands, William Salisbury is installed as postmaster.

Mr. Lewis Merker is spending this week with his mother, Mrs. Mary Merker.

G. G. Crozier will give a series of sermons on baptism, commencing next Sunday morning.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Christian Union Church held a social at O. I. Cushman's last Thursday evening.

(Too late for last week.)

Mrs. Josh Cushman of Flat Rock is visiting her son John F. Cushman.

Frank Cooper and family of Lima spent Sunday at Mrs. Jacob Dancer's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Heeselschwerdt spent Saturday and Sunday at Jackson.

Mrs. George Merker was called to Jackson, Friday by the illness of her son, Frankie.

F. J. Riggs and Mr. Blakeslee of Detroit spent a part of last week with Mr. and Mrs. Eisenbeiser.

Will Hudson of Iosco county, and Will Coulson of Midland county spent Sunday at James Young's.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Sylvan Christian Union met at the home of Mrs. Jacob Kern last Thursday. All report having a good time.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Ann Arbor has a blind piano tuner. He sees with his ears.—Adrian Press. Yes sir. And he can C sharp.—A. A. Courier. This will all sound very flat to the piano tuner.—Northville Record. It would be natural that it should.—Milan Leader. If he did not he might B flat.

There is one boy in Washtenaw county who is determined to have an education. His name is Frank Galpin, a student in the high school. He lives with his father, adjoining Frane's lake, in the town of Superior. His home is nine miles from the high school building. Notwithstanding this long distance, the young man drives in every morning and back at night, eighteen miles a day or ninety miles a week, in order to take advantage of the superior facilities offered at our excellent schools. Such a boy deserves success and he shows evidence of possessing the right material with which to win it. His example should put to shame hundreds of young men who have every opportunity right at home to acquire a fine education, but who are too indolent to take advantage of it.—Ann Arbor Register.

The Detroit News and several other papers have been publishing an item about Noah Petes and his doings, stating that he is 105 years old and that he lives near Dearfield. The facts about this old gentleman were all published in the Advance, last fall, just after he cast his presidential vote at the polls of this township, as heretofore only 24 miles north of this village, and about six from Dearfield. He wanted to vote the whig ticket, having probably not voted before since the death of that party, and the fact had to be made known to him through an interpreter, as he speaks only French.—Blissfield Advance.

In a recent letter President Angell says: "The spiritual privileges out here are not all that could be desired. We go now to the British Embassy chapel, where the sermon is always exactly seven minutes long; and now to the German where the speaker is difficult to follow. Two Sundays at Robert College we have heard American preaching. Last Thursday we attended a communion service at the Bible House, held because of the meeting of the American board. Yet there was not a word said about the board of missions! We have visited some of the mosques and have been impressed by the reverent manner of the worshippers, and also by the irreverent manner of boys, incipient theologues, committing the Koran to memory by repeating passages out loud, while leaning at us."—Washtenaw Times.

Major Soule has received a letter from Hon. J. M. B. Sill, late minister to Korea, who is on his way home, saying that he has shipped a case for the museum of the University containing a set of figures which the Koreans set up on their temples. These images are about 14 inches high and represents a Buddhist and his attendants on their way from Korea to Ceylon to bring back copies of the sacred books. The figures represent the priest and his attendants accompanied by a monkey, a fox, a pig, a sheep and a horse. They are unique and never before been obtained to send out of Korea. Another case contains two Korean ziggies, one of which is for the Normal school. They are peculiar packing frames, the most scientific ever invented, on which Korean pack coolies carry their enormous loads. Mr. Sill writes from San Francisco, November 3, and hopes to arrive shortly in Detroit.—Washtenaw Times.

Much surprise and wonder flashed through our village Sunday and Monday when the report came out that William Klein, who less than two years ago was married to Miss Jennie Lindsley, had very suddenly and unexpectedly packed his trunk and departed for other lands. As near as can be learned of the facts, Mr. K. in the morning took his wife to the home of Mrs. Taylor to spend the day, saying he would call for her later in the day, which he did at nine o'clock in the evening, and going to the door informed his wife that the horse and carriage stood in front of the house and that he had been home taken his clothing and was going to leave her never to return, for her to take the rig and go home whenever she was ready, and with no further ceremony departed in the darkness. The words to Mrs. K. came like a shock. She had to Mrs. Taylor during the day several times spoke of her home and husband in the most pleasant and affectionate manner and the cause for such an outbreak remains a mystery.—Saline Observer.

The grim reaper, death with his all-devouring scythe of time has visited us again; this time in a very singular manner. On Tuesday afternoon William Schneirring a single man and a day laborer, about 50 years of age, was called to a neighbors, George Hohenberger about a quarter of a mile north of the Catholic church, to shoot, an old horse. He was often thus employed. The horse was in a lot back of the house. George and Hannah Hohenberger went to the lot with Schneirring who held the horse with his left hand and held the revolver in his right. He intended to shoot the horse just above the eyes, the first shot made only a light wound. He said the animal held his head to high. The second shot was fired but instead of seeing the horse drop in its tracks as was expected, they saw Schneirring fall to the ground and the horse ran off and began eating grass. Recovering from their astonishment they looked at the prostrate form before them and were still greater surprised to find him quite dead, his face covered with blood. The horse was quite restive and in some manner undoubtedly struck the revolver diverting its aim as the ball struck William just below the right eye, near the nose and came out at the left temple.—Freedom correspondent Manchester Enterprise.

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Will pay for

The Standard

from now until

JAN. 1, '98

**THE GREAT**  
**FOUR-C REMEDY**  
FOR  
**LA GRIPPE.**

For Sale by R. S. Armstrong & Co.



**What if Not Miracles?**  
The great Four-C Remedy is doing work wherever introduced as nearly miraculously as it ever falls to the lot of any human agency to do (I will esteem it a favor for any one interested to write the persons whose names appear below or anyone whose name may appear among these testimonials.)  
My aim is to convince the public of my sincerity and of the true merits of the remedy.

**BENEFACTORS OF THE RACE.**  
Office of "KINGFISHER TIMES,"  
Kingsfisher, Okla., Dec. 12, '97.  
GENTLEMEN:—I believe it my duty to write you a line in regard to the beneficial effect of Phelps' "Four C Remedy," so far as I am personally concerned. A week ago last Thursday, I was taken with a severe attack of la grippe and in a short time became so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper. The night previous I had coughed nearly the entire night; just before retiring I took a teaspoonful, and slept the entire night as sweetly as ever I did in my life, not coughing once. I was entirely relieved before taking one bottle, Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure should be in every household in the land. I send you this wholly unsolicited by anyone, for you are benefactors of the race in giving it the antidote for some of the worst afflictions to which it is heir.  
Very Truly Yours,  
C. J. Nussery, Editor.

**A MIRACLE.**  
Kansas City, Kansas, Dec. 24, '97.  
Last Friday, Dec. 19, my attending physician stated unless I was better by morning he could do nothing for my relief. That night I commenced taking Phelps' "Four C Remedy," stopped all other medicines. The first dose stopped my cough, sleep and rested well; a few more doses removed all soreness from my lungs; the second day I was up; the third day I was out on the porch and to-day was up town purchasing holiday goods.  
Witness JAMES BARNER,  
Washington Ave. and Summit St.

**GROUP CURED.**  
One dose of Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure, gave my child instant relief when attacked with the croup.  
W. E. MOORE, of Moore Bros., Grocers,  
Arkansas City, Kansas.

**UNBROKEN REST AT NIGHT.**  
J. H. HULLING, Manager,  
Office Commercial Printing Co.,  
186 South Clark St.,  
Chicago, Nov. 24, '97.  
S. R. Phelps, Esq., City.  
DEAR SIR:—I wish to bear testimony to the great efficacy of your "Four C Remedy" in the treatment of my child's illness. As a rule I have been skeptical of the merits of proprietary medicines, but have to confess that a test of your "Four C" is worthy of me. My children all take it with conviction that at least one really made me out the most objection, from oldest to youngest, and it is particularly noticeable that the youngest is without this wonderful remedy. It gives an almost instantaneous relief. In my family "Four C" is simply indispensable and I recommend it to all qualified.  
Yours,  
J. H. HULLING.

**ACUTE LARYNGITIS.**  
Chicago, Sept. 20, '97.  
For years back each winter I have suffered with acute laryngitis. Last winter was no exception. I could not leave my room for two weeks except above a whisper. I tried every known remedy with preparation from cough drops up and down to no relief, then in desperation I was induced to try Phelps' "Four C." The first dose relieved my cough, giving me the first night's rest for weeks. Half the bottle cured me. I have never been without this wonderful remedy since. It is as different from other like remedies as salt is from vinegar or sugar from sand.  
Witness JAMES BARNER,  
3315 Madison Ave.

**IT IS A MIRACLE.**  
Conductor Eckard, the Railroad Commission of the Neodasha Kansas Junction, has had to say of "Four C." "Phelps is having a wonderful sale of his Cough and Cold Remedy. I personally know it is just what it is represented to be. Too much cannot be said in its praise. It is a miracle."

**NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND THE PUBLIC.**  
CONTRACT.—Druggists are authorized in ALL CASES TO REFUND THE PURCHASE PRICE, if the Four-C Remedy (Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure) fails to give satisfaction in Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe, Coughs and Colds, no matter how long standing, or deep seated, in fact I guarantee in all manner of Bronchial or Lung trouble, not as a Cure-All, but to give unbounded satisfaction. Give it a trial on the above conditions. I take all chances.  
R. R. PHELPS, 118 53d Street, CHICAGO, ILL., Prop.